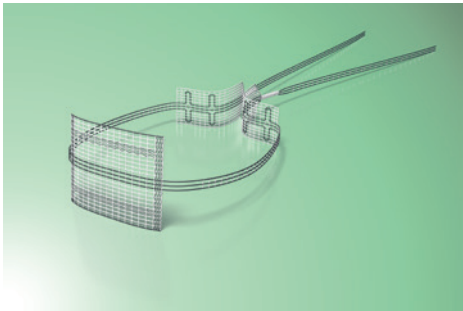


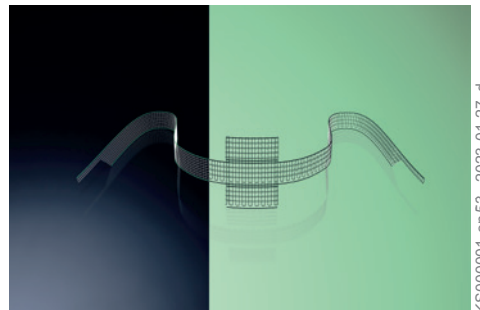
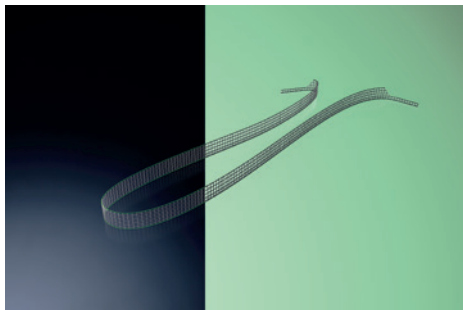
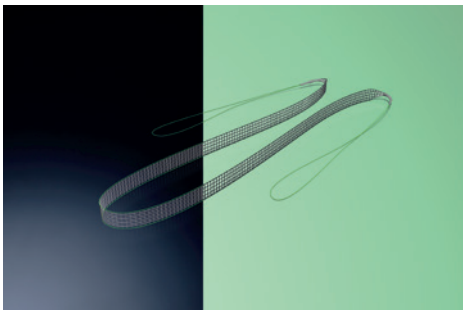
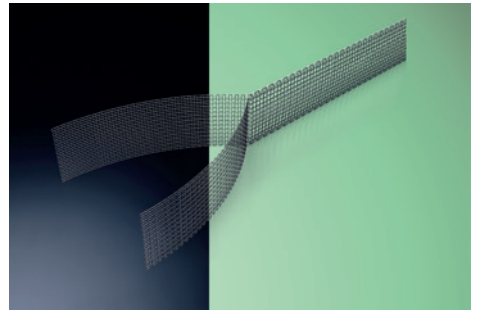
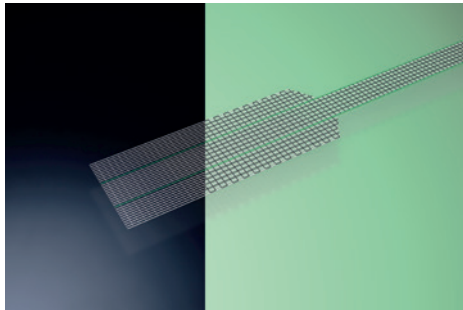
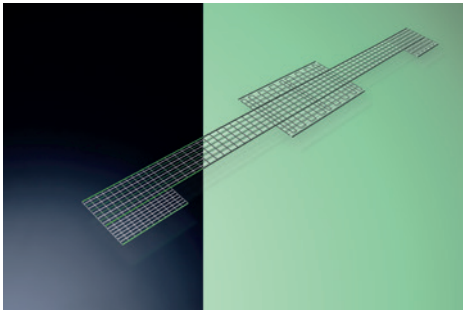
DynaMesh[®]

For Every Indication a Specific Solution



made
in
Germany

Tailored Implants
Made of PVDF



Profile and Competences



FEG Textiltechnik Forschungs- und Entwicklungsgesellschaft mbH (FEG) was established in Aachen in 1992 and since then has gained a reputation for exceptional innovations in the field of textile technology.

The company's dedicated and highly qualified staff, in-house research and development capacities as well as intelligent production facilities combine to make FEG Textiltechnik today's leading manufacturer of textile surgical implants in Germany. Under the brand name **DynaMesh®**, an internationally protected trademark, FEG's award-winning implants are successfully marketed in numerous countries around the world.

Constant and close contact with major scientific, medical and technical institutions ensures that FEG's high-quality products meet the latest requirements in terms of patient comfort and surgical handling. The sophisticated quality management system at FEG Textiltechnik is fully certified to DIN EN ISO 13485 for the manufacture of medical devices. All of FEG's products are CE approved (CE 0123) and are approved under relevant national regulations.

Focusing on its core competences and expertise in textile implants, FEG Textiltechnik will continue to set technical benchmarks in the future.

DynaMesh®

Milestones

1992 Founding of:



2003 Certification of:



2011 Development of MRI-visible technology



2014 New 4,200m² offices & production plant



2020 Additional 600m² production/storage capacity



1994 Active in medical technology

2004 First implant for the surgical treatment of hernias

2005 First implant for the surgical treatment of female urinary incontinence

2006 First implant for the surgical treatment of female pelvic organ prolapse

2007 First implant for the surgical treatment of parastomal hernias

2008 First implant for the surgical treatment of male urinary incontinence

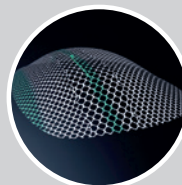
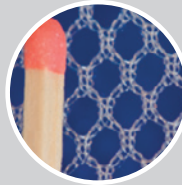
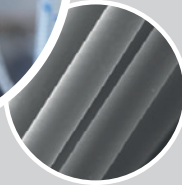
2016 First implant for the surgical treatment of hiatal hernias

Business Fields:

- Implants for the surgical treatment of:
 - Hernias
 - Female Pelvic Organ Prolapse
 - Female Urinary Incontinence
 - Male Urinary Incontinence
- Sales in over 50 countries
- More than 70 employees

Implants 'made in Germany'

DynaMesh[®]



Filament

Warp-Knitted Fabric

Implant

Spinning

Warp-Knitting

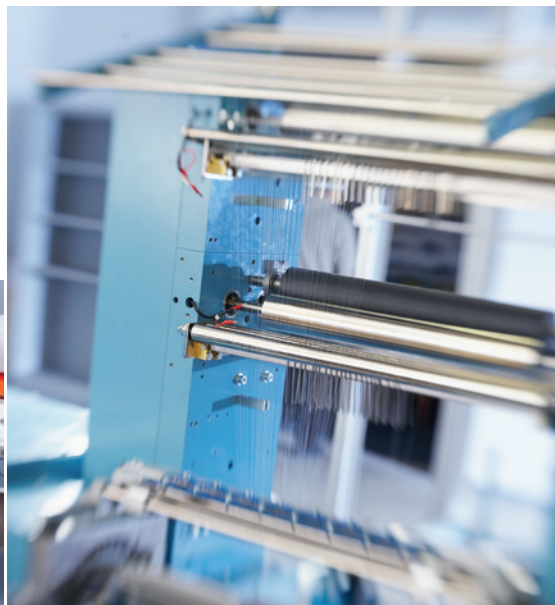
Finishing

Washing, Sterilisation

From Thread to Implant:

Full quality control along the entire production chain.

Development and manufacturing in Aachen, Germany

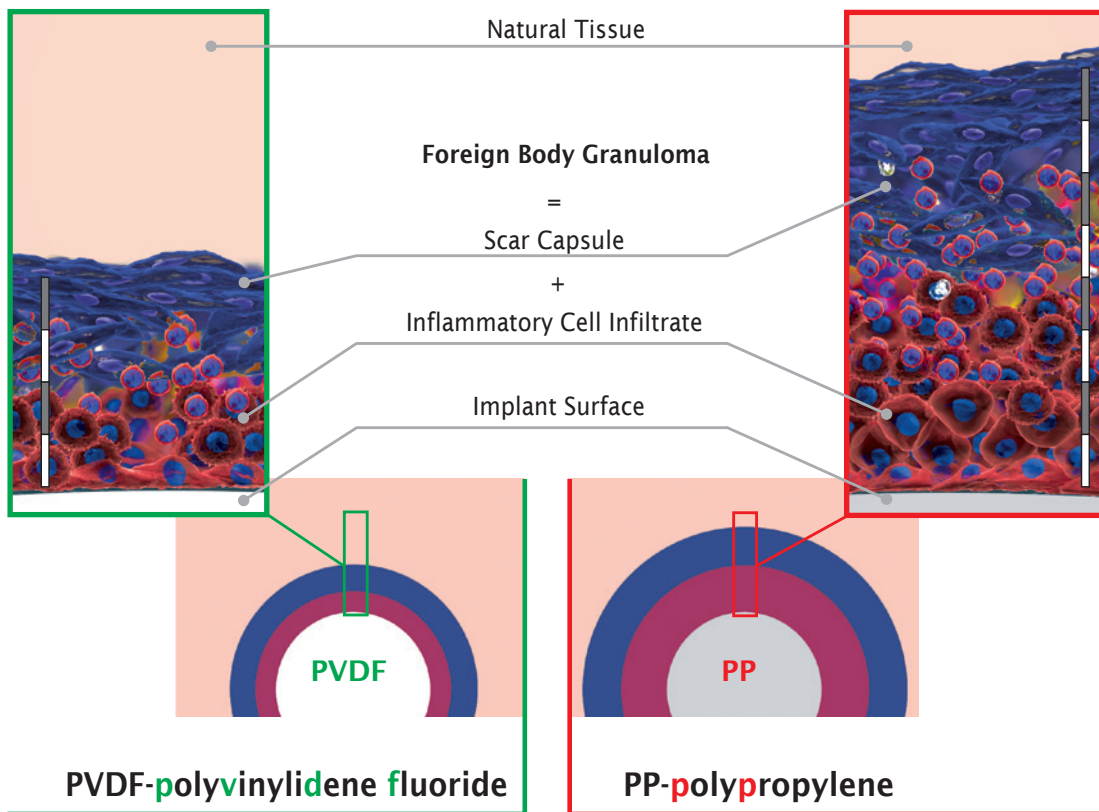


Biocompatibility

PVDF mesh structures have good biocompatibility (assessed according to ISO 10993) and show significantly lower granuloma formation (scar tissue) [1^A, 2^A, 4^A, 68^A, 100^B]. Therefore, the risk of undesirable foreign body reactions is minimised.

Cross-Sectional View

A comparison of different granuloma thicknesses



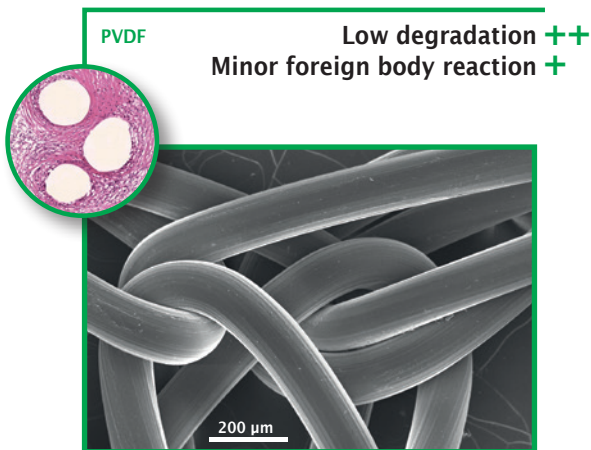
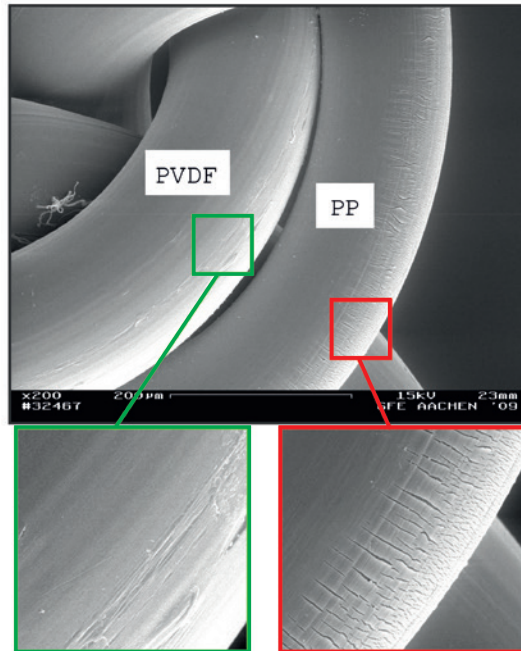
[#] Reference "#" (see "References")
 [#^A] Reference "#" (see "References"),
 "A": limitation "animal trial"
 [#^B] Reference "#" (see "References"),
 "B": limitation "in-vitro trial"

Vi001 de	DynaMesh® Implantate - Animation: Fremdkörperreaktion - Vergleich zwischen PVDF und PP https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi001de	
Vi001 en	DynaMesh® Implants - Animation: Foreign Body Reaction - Comparison of PVDF and PP https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi001en	

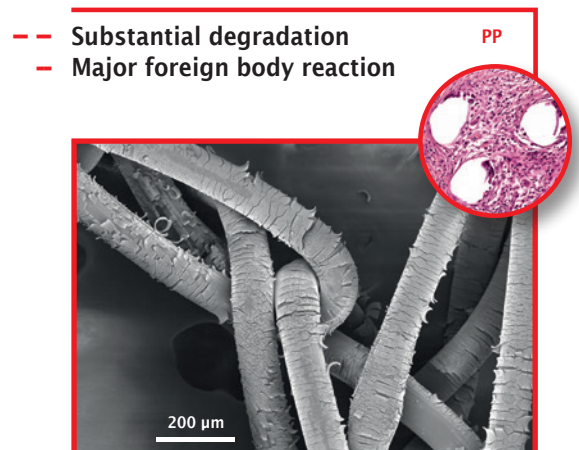
Ageing Resistance

PVDF has been used as a surgical suture material for many decades with great success, even in the most demanding areas of application such as ophthalmology and cardiology [91].

Long-term data with observation periods of up to seven years prove that: The condition of the PVDF surface remains unchanged, filaments are still stable, nothing becomes brittle [101,2^A,5^B,27^A,52^B,93^A].



PVDF-polyvinylidene fluoride



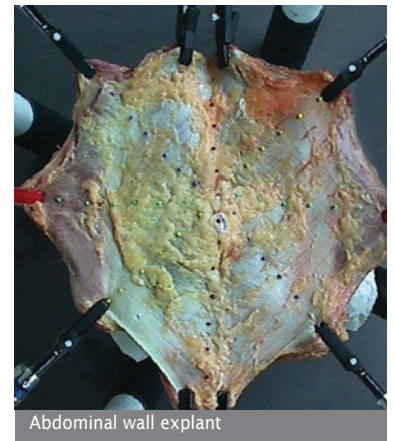
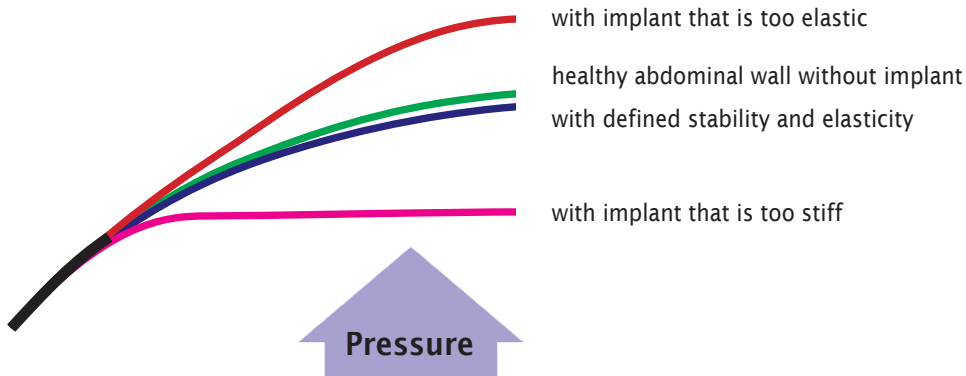
PP-polypropylene

[#] Reference "#" (see "References")
 [#^A] Reference "#" (see "References"), "A": limitation "animal trial"
 [#^B] Reference "#" (see "References"), "B": limitation "in-vitro trial"

Dynamometry

Textile implants must reinforce tissue. They have to cushion different forces - including the extreme stresses associated with coughing, sneezing and laughing. What is needed therefore, is a good interaction between stability and elasticity.

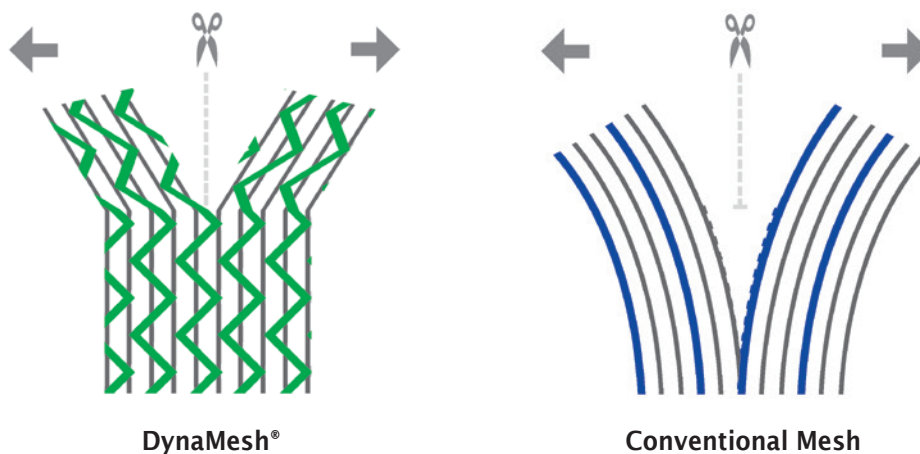
The behaviour of abdominal walls with different mesh implants under load



A study of explanted abdominal walls (source: Aachen University Hospital, Germany)

Tear Propagation Resistance

The multiple meshing technique in warp-knitted* DynaMesh® structures minimises the risk of the zipper effect (once torn, the structure tears further).
The load-specific adapted tear resistance is one of the key properties of DynaMesh® implants.



DynaMesh®

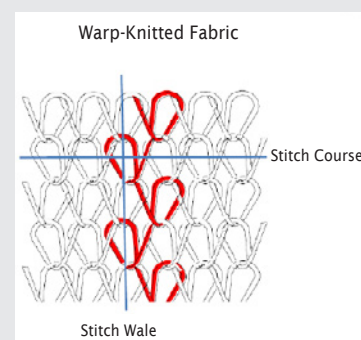
Conventional Mesh

DynaMesh® products are not woven or conventionally knitted, but warp-knitted*.

This technology, unlike any other, makes it possible to make specific variations in the shape and structure of a textile implant, which means that we can construct features with different characteristics in different places within the structure. It is impossible to achieve a more accurate adaptation of implants to the relevant indication.

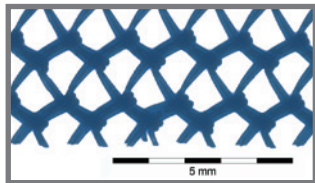
*Warp-Knitted Fabric

Warp-knitted fabrics are a type of knitted fabric. They are produced industrially on warp-knitting machines via stitch formation from thread systems.

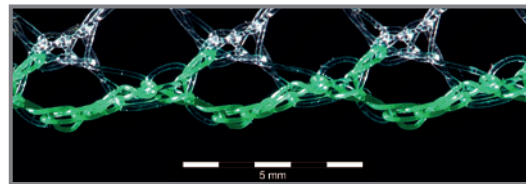


Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges

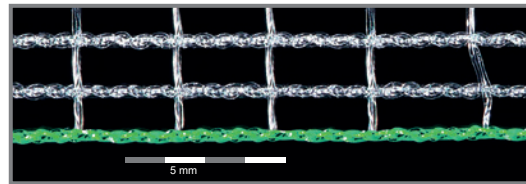
DynaMesh® products are not simply cut from a flat piece of mesh.
Special warp-knitting machines produce smooth selvedges
(no 'sawtooth' edges!).



Conventional Mesh

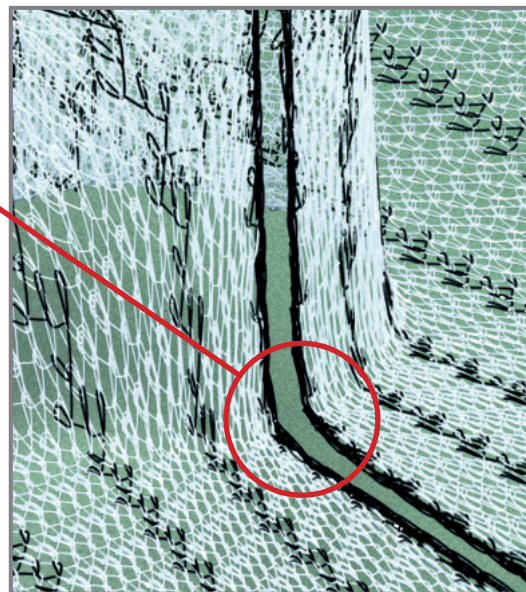


DynaMesh®-LICHTENSTEIN



DynaMesh®-SIS soft

Also in three-dimensionally
shaped implants

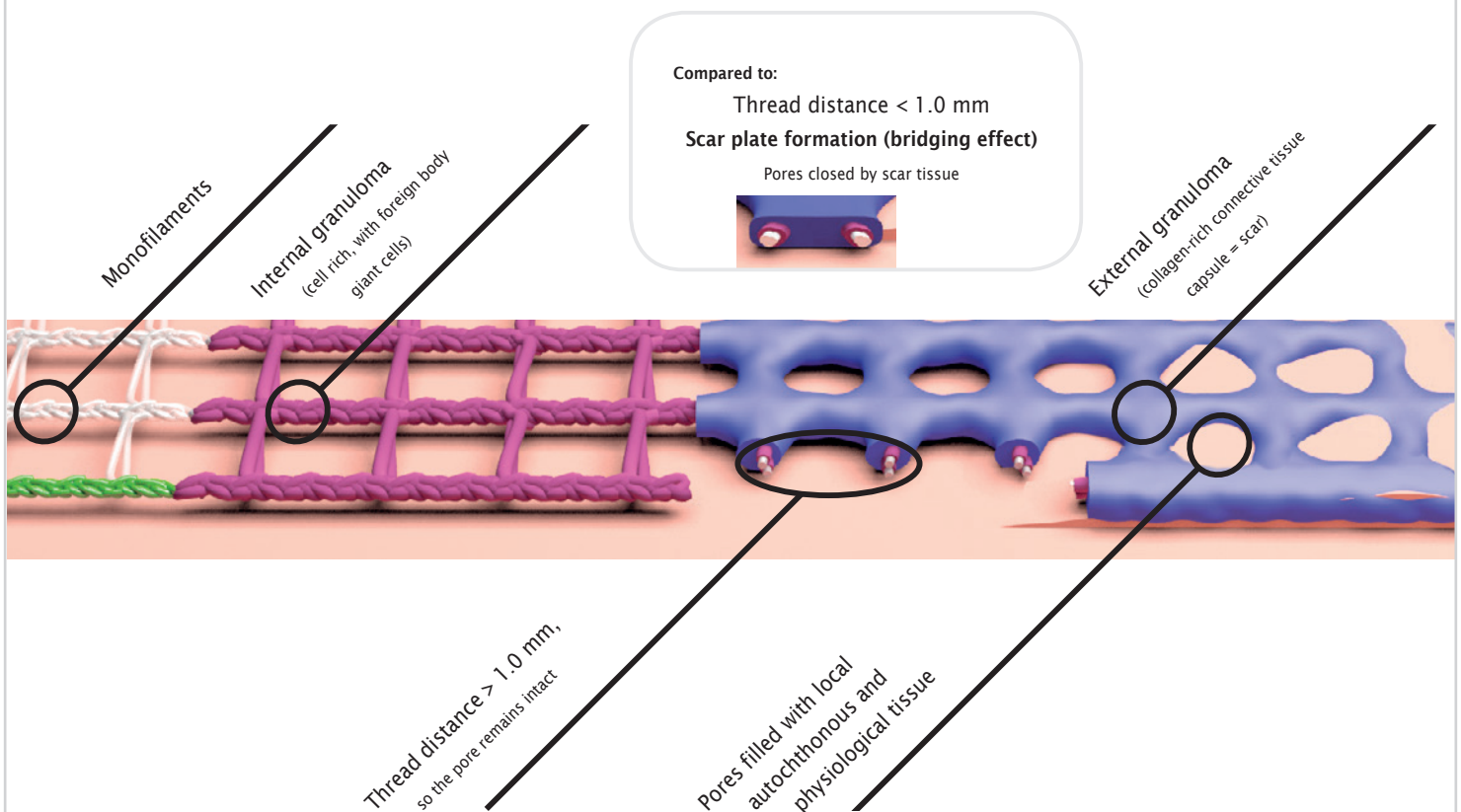


DynaMesh®-IPST-R visible

Effective Porosity

During incorporation, the filaments are enclosed by an internal and external granuloma. When filament distance is too small, there is a risk that the whole intervening space will be filled with scar tissue (closed pores). Sufficiently large pores can prevent this [8C].

How is this prevented? PP implants must have a **pore diameter of at least 1 mm** in all directions, even under load! In the case of **PVDF** implants, a diameter of **0.6 mm** is already sufficient to keep the pores open due to the lower granuloma thickness. Only in this way can local autochthonous tissue form through a pore [6,68^A,105^A].



[#] Reference "#" (see "References")

[#A] Reference "#" (see "References"), "A": limitation "animal trial"

[#C] Reference "#" (see "References"), "C": limitation "results based on the analysis of explants"

Textile porosity refers to the permeable component of a mesh implant **before** the body has reacted to it.

Effective porosity refers to the permeable component of a mesh implant **after** the body has reacted to it.

Rule of thumb:

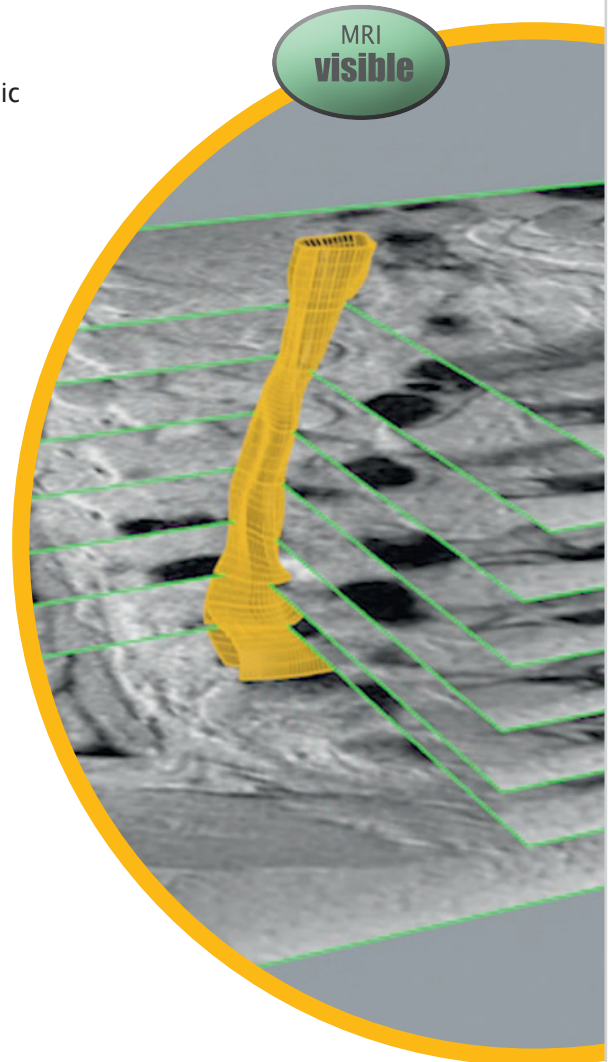
A 'pore' less than 1 mm in diameter is closed by the body with scar tissue
= 0% effective porosity

DynaMesh® visible

Conventional mesh implants are mostly undetectable in diagnostic radiology.

DynaMesh® visible implants can be detected using magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [7,29^A,51,54,56,62,69-71,76,90] - both in standard sequences and in high-resolution, three-dimensional images and even films. As such, position and condition of the implant can be determined reliably and accurately.

DynaMesh® visible is the world's first technology to visualise textile implants. The PVDF filament is mixed with ferromagnetic micro-pigments according to a proprietary process that ensures optimum pigment incorporation. This innovation has won an award from the German Federal Ministry of Education and Research (BMBF 01EZ 0849).



Award-winner in the innovation competition hosted by the



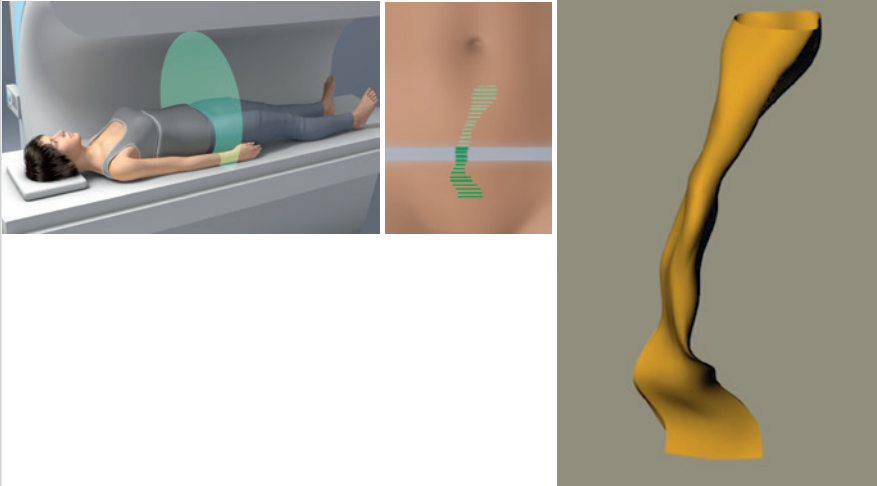
The development was sponsored by the
German Federal Ministry
of Education and Research
(BMBF 01EZ 0849)

[#] Reference "#" (see "References")

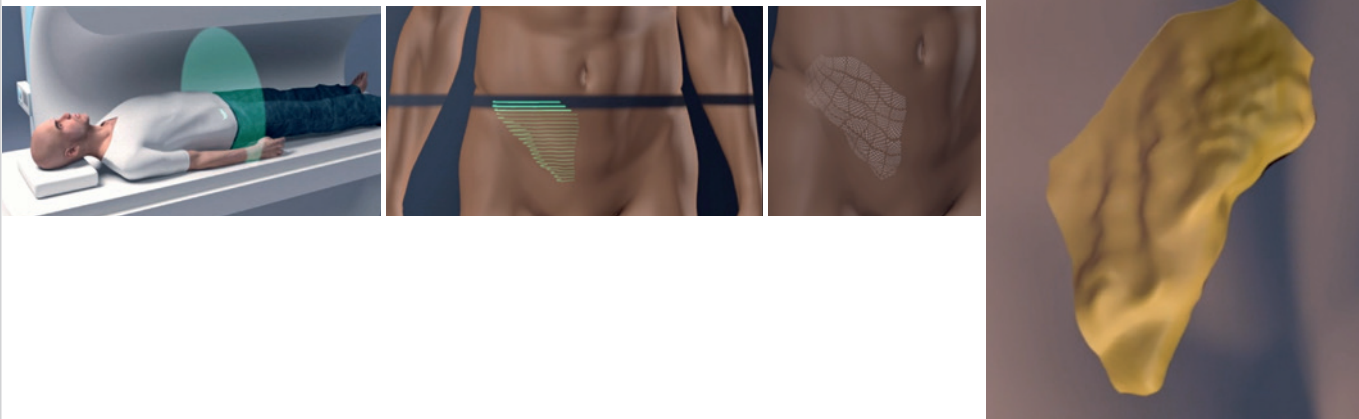
[#^A] Reference "#" (see "References"), "A": limitation "animal trial"

DynaMesh® visible




DynaMesh®-PRS visible 3-dimensional remodelling



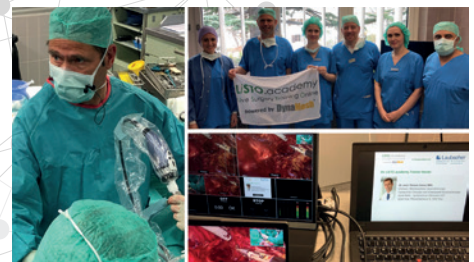
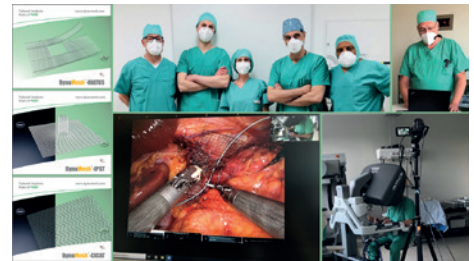
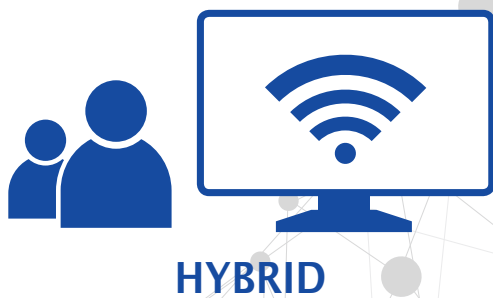
DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP visible 3-dimensional remodelling



During MRI scans, the part of the body being analysed is scanned step-by-step and deconstructed into many 'wafer-thin optical slices'. At the end, these 'slices' are reconstructed to form 3-dimensional images or motion sequences (remodelling).

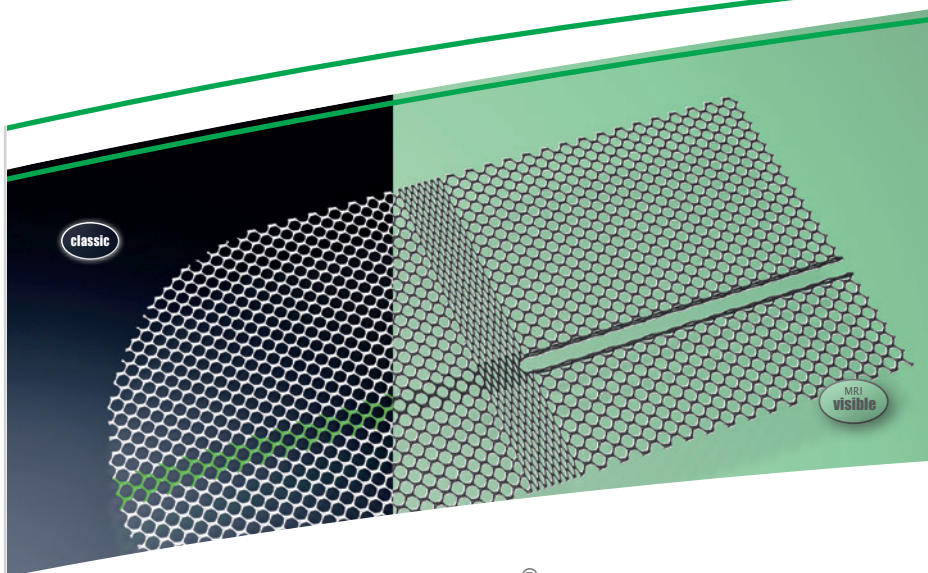
Vi069XX	DynaMesh® MRI - Animation: MRI Reconstruction with DynaMesh®-PRP visible https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi069xx	
Vi067XX	DynaMesh® MRI - Animation: MRI Reconstruction with DynaMesh®-PRS visible https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi067xx	
Vi032XX	DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP visible - Animation: MRI visible - 3D Implant Remodelling https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi032xx	

LiSTO.academy is a comprehensive platform providing excellent customised surgical education and trainings. Through cooperations with experienced surgeons and renowned experts from around the world, **LiSTO.academy** enables physicians to achieve best patient outcomes using DynaMesh® implants.



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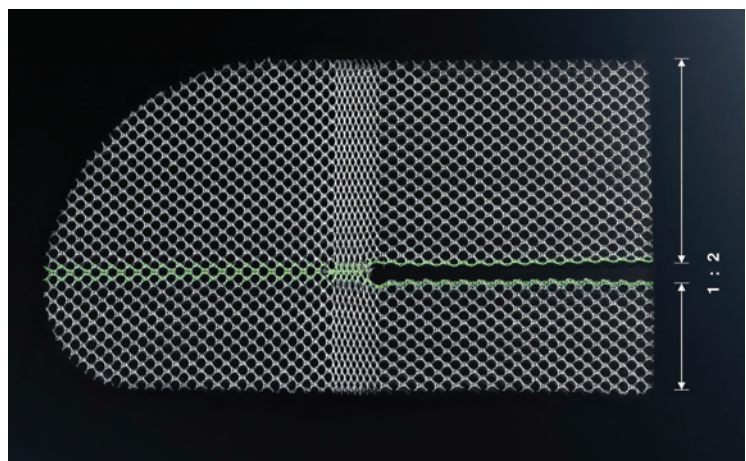
DynaMesh®-LICHTENSTEIN implants serve to support the tissue and stabilise the fascial structures of the inguinal region. They were specially developed for the conventional repair of inguinal hernias according to Lichtenstein and come in a size which fits the majority of patients and can therefore be used immediately without needing to be cut to size.

DynaMesh®-LICHTENSTEIN

When selecting the mesh size, ensure sufficient overlap!

DynaMesh®-LICHTENSTEIN	06 cm x 11 cm	PV110611F3	BX = 3 pieces
		PV110611F10	BX = 10 pieces
	7.5 cm x 15 cm	PV110715F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV110715F3	BX = 3 pieces
		PV110715F10	BX = 10 pieces
DynaMesh®-LICHTENSTEIN visible	7.5 cm x 15 cm	PV170715F1	BX = 1 piece

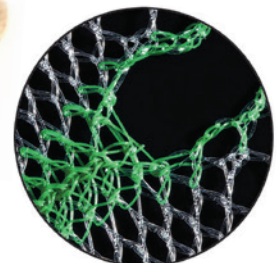
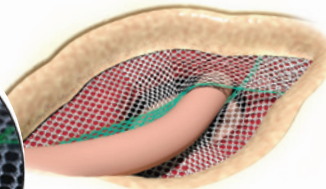
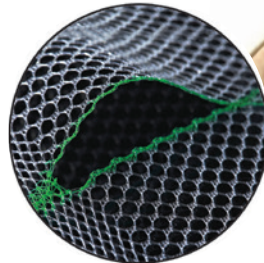
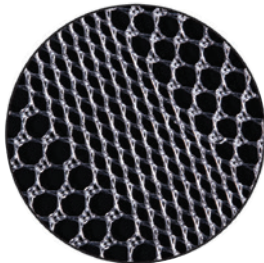
can be used both
for the right and
the left side



Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®-LICHTENSTEIN	DynaMesh®-LICHTENSTEIN visible
Field of application	inguinal hernia	
Surgical access	open	
Surgical technique	Lichtenstein	
Mesh position	anterior	
Fixation	sutures / adhesives	
Green/black line marker		●
Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges		●
Visible technology	●	●
Polymer (monofilament)	PVDF	
Biocompatibility	●	
Ageing resistance	●	
Dynamometry	●	
Tear propagation resistance	●	
No scar plate formation	●	
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])	1 a	

For example: inguinal hernia, left side



Less Effort

The elastic zone in the mesh, incorporated by using a special warp-knitting technique, makes it easier for the surgeon to achieve **fold-free** positioning of the implant.

Less Risk

The special slit design enables tunnel modulation with **pressure distribution**.

High Tear Propagation Resistance

The high tear propagation resistance at the end point of the slit **minimises** the risk of **mesh rupture**.

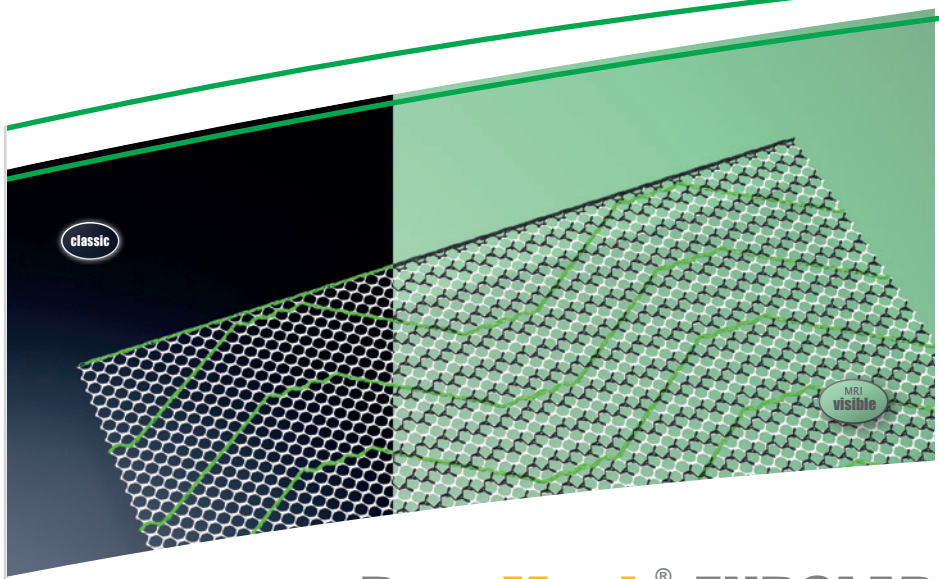
- Applies to all product sizes
- Does not apply

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 email: info@globalmedcare.net
 www.globalmedcare.net



DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP implants serve to support the tissue and stabilise the fascial structures of the groin. They were specially developed for the endoscopic (laparoscopic) repair of inguinal hernias using common minimally invasive surgical techniques (TEP and TAPP).

DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP

When selecting the mesh size, ensure sufficient overlap!

DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP	10 cm x 15 cm	PV101015F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV101015F3	BX = 3 pieces
		PV101015F10	BX = 10 pieces
	12 cm x 15 cm	PV101215F3	BX = 3 pieces
		PV101215F10	BX = 10 pieces
	13 cm x 15 cm	PV101315F3	BX = 3 pieces
	13 cm x 17 cm	PV101317F3	BX = 3 pieces
		PV101317F10	BX = 10 pieces
	15 cm x 15 cm	PV101515F3	BX = 3 pieces
		PV101515F10	BX = 10 pieces
DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP visible	10 cm x 15 cm	PV141015F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV141015F10	BX = 10 pieces

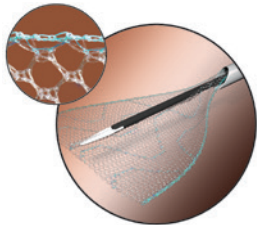
VI032xx

DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP visible - Animation:
MRI visible - 3D Implant Remodelling
<https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi032xx>



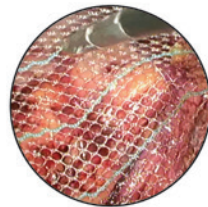
Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP	DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP visible
Field of application	inguinal hernia	
Surgical access	endoscopic / laparoscopic	
Surgical technique	TEP / TAPP	
Mesh position	preperitoneal (posterior)	
Fixation	none / sutures / adhesives / tacks	
Green line marker		●
Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges		●
Visible technology	●	●
Polymer (monofilament)		PVDF
Biocompatibility		●
Ageing resistance		●
Dynamometry		●
Tear propagation resistance		●
No scar plate formation		●
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])		1a



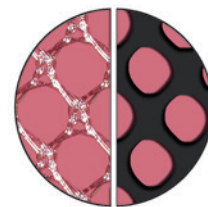
Intraoperative Unfolding

The special textile construction makes it easy to insert the mesh via the trocar and to unfold it intraoperatively. The **antislip** surface and special selvedges ensure fold-free positioning. The green marker lines perform a dual function. They are used for rapid orientation and visual monitoring of whether the mesh is positioned tension-free.



Choice of Method

DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP was developed specifically for **endoscopic (TEP)¹⁾** and **laparoscopic (TAPP)** techniques. Should the surgeon consider fixation of the implant to be necessary, all fixation methods may be used.



Pore Size

The special warp-knitted structure results in a high textile porosity. It is the basis for the **effective porosity** after the formation of the foreign body granuloma, which minimises the risk of scar plate formation.

¹⁾ Image of surgery courtesy of Dr. A. Kuthe, DRK-Krankenhaus Clementinenhaus, Hanover, Germany

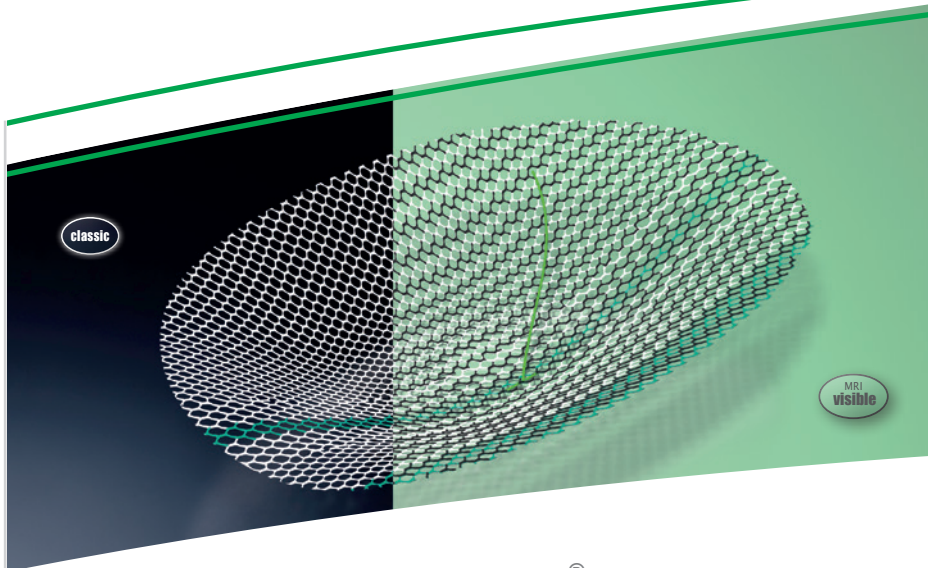
- Applies to all product sizes
- Does not apply

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DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP 3D implants are used to reinforce connective tissue structures in the groin region. They were specially developed for the endoscopic (laparoscopic) repair of inguinal hernias using current minimally invasive surgical techniques (TEP and TAPP).

DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP 3D

When selecting the mesh size, ensure sufficient overlap!

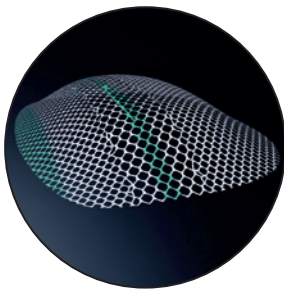
DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP 3D	09 cm x 14 cm	PV130914F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV130914F3	BX = 3 pieces
	10 cm x 15 cm regular	PV131015F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV131015F3	BX = 3 pieces
	12 cm x 17 cm	PV131217F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV131217F5	BX = 5 pieces
DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP 3D visible	10 cm x 15 cm	PV121015F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV121015F3	BX = 3 pieces
	12 cm x 17 cm	PV121217F1	BX = 1 piece

can be used both for the right and the left side

VI012xx	DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP 3D - Animation: Total Extraperitoneal Endoscopic Hernioplasty (TEP) https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi012xx	
VI013xx	DynaMesh®-ENDOLAP 3D - Animation: TAPP Technique for Treatment of Inguinal Hernia https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi013xx	

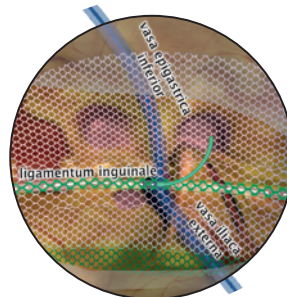
Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®- ENDOLAP 3D	DynaMesh®- ENDOLAP 3D visible
Field of application	inguinal hernia	
Surgical access	endoscopic / laparoscopic	
Surgical technique	TEP / TAPP	
Mesh position	preperitoneal (posterior)	
Fixation	none / sutures / adhesives / tacks	
Green thread and line marker		●
CURVATOR®		●
Visible technology	●	●
Polymer (monofilament)	PVDF	
Biocompatibility	●	
Ageing resistance	●	
Dynamometry	●	
Tear propagation resistance	●	
No scar plate formation	●	
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])	1 a	



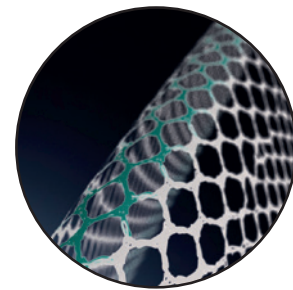
Optimised Shape

The **three-dimensional** form of the mesh enables the adaptation to the anatomy of the groin region.



Standardised Positioning

The implants have a central marking and a longitudinal marking for **alignment** with the inguinal ligament.



CURVATOR®

The pore size of the mesh varies laterally to the longitudinal marking in order to **reduce postoperative creasing** along the length of the inguinal ligament and to ensure high effective porosity.

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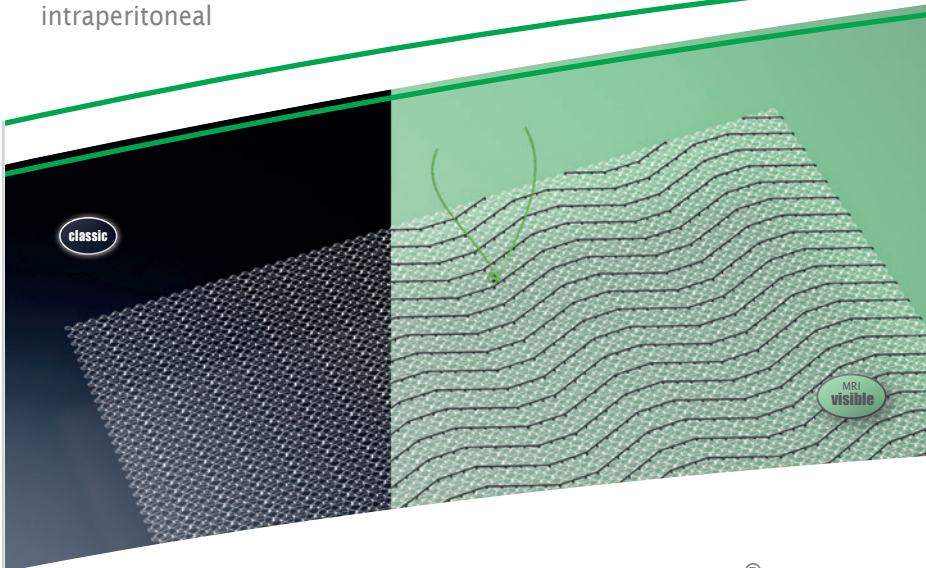
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email: info@globalmedcare.net
www.globalmedcare.net

● Applies to all product sizes
● Does not apply

Hernias

Abdominal Wall Hernia / Umbilical Hernia
intraperitoneal



DynaMesh®-IPOM implants are designed for soft tissue reinforcement and soft tissue bridging of the fascial and connective tissue structures of the abdominal wall as part of surgical treatment for epigastric hernias, umbilical or incisional hernias, and parastomal hernias following ostomy surgery.

DynaMesh®-IPOM

Abdominal Wall Hernia

Recommended sizes for the surgical treatment of abdominal wall hernias.
When selecting the mesh size, ensure sufficient overlap!

DynaMesh®-IPOM	Icon	Size	Product Code	Quantity
DynaMesh®-IPOM	☉	d 12 cm round	IP070012F1	BX = 1 piece
			IP070012F3	BX = 3 pieces
	☐	10 cm x 15 cm	IP071015F1	BX = 1 piece
			IP071015F3	BX = 3 pieces
		15 cm x 15 cm	IP071515F1	BX = 1 piece
			IP071515F3	BX = 3 pieces
		15 cm x 20 cm	IP071520F1	BX = 1 piece
			IP071520F3	BX = 3 pieces
		20 cm x 20 cm	IP072020F1	BX = 1 piece
			IP072025F1	BX = 1 piece
		20 cm x 30 cm	IP072030F1	BX = 1 piece
			IP072030F3	BX = 3 pieces
		28 cm x 37 cm	IP072837F1	BX = 1 piece
		30 cm x 30 cm	IP073030F1	BX = 1 piece
30 cm x 45 cm	IP073045F1	BX = 1 piece		

DynaMesh®-IPOM visible		30 cm x 30 cm	IP083030F1	BX = 1 piece
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Umbilical Hernia

Recommended sizes for the surgical treatment of umbilical hernias.
When selecting the mesh size, ensure sufficient overlap!

DynaMesh®-IPOM	Icon	Size	Product Code	Quantity
DynaMesh®-IPOM	☐	07 cm x 06 cm	IP070706F5	BX = 5 pieces
	☉	d 12 cm round	IP070012F1	BX = 1 piece
			IP070012F3	BX = 3 pieces
	☐	10 cm x 15 cm	IP071015F1	BX = 1 piece
			IP071015F3	BX = 3 pieces
		15 cm x 15 cm	IP071515F1	BX = 1 piece
			IP071515F3	BX = 3 pieces

Hernias

Abdominal Wall Hernia / Umbilical Hernia
intraperitoneal




DynaMesh®-IPOM

Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®-IPOM	DynaMesh®-IPOM visible
Field of application	abdominal wall hernia / umbilical hernia	
Surgical access	laparoscopic / open	
Surgical technique	IPOM	
Mesh position	intraperitoneal	
Fixation	sutures / tacks	
Green marker thread		●
PVDF barrier		●
Visible technology	●	●
Dual-component structure	PVDF monofilament > 85 % PP monofilament	
Biocompatibility		●
Ageing resistance		●
Dynamometry		●
Tear propagation resistance		●
No scar plate formation		●
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])		1a


DynaMesh®-IPOM implants have a parietal side and a visceral side.

The parietal side is identified by green-marked filament ends and consists of PVDF on the surface and a small proportion of PP, whereas the visceral side consists of PVDF on the surface.

VI003xx	DynaMesh®-IPOM - Animation: Laparoscopic Repair of Incisional Hernia https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi003xx	
VI108en	DynaMesh®-IPOM - Animation: The 3 Key Aspects for DynaMesh®-IPOM (best practice example) https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi108en	
VI051xx	DynaMesh®-IPOM visible - Animation: 3D Implant Remodelling https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi051xx	

- Applies to all product sizes
- Does not apply

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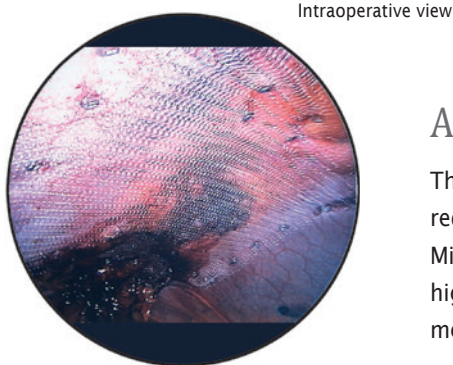
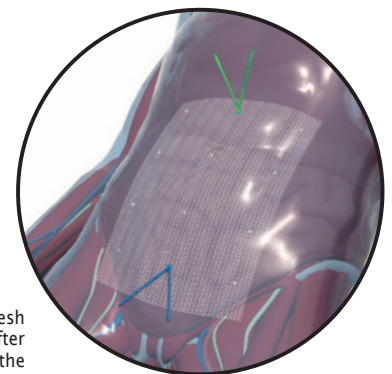
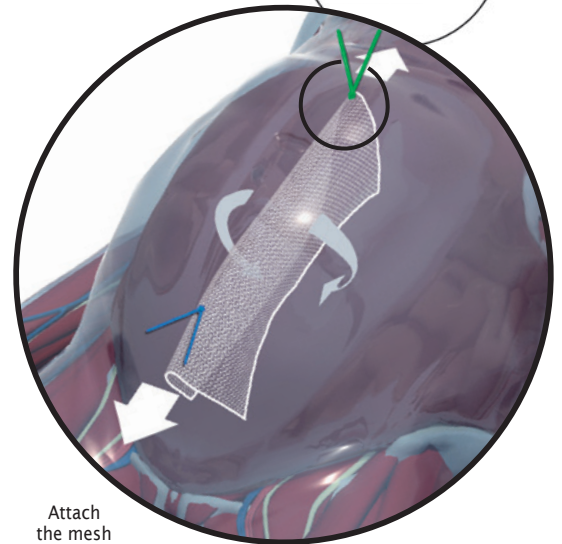
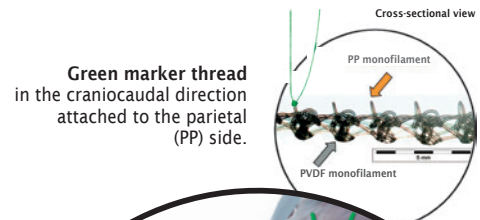
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Dual-Layer Composite Mesh

DynaMesh®-IPOM is a dual-component structure specifically developed for the IPOM technique and consists mainly of high-purity PVDF and a small proportion of polypropylene (PP). The parietal side (PP) promotes rapid and safe ingrowth into the abdominal wall. The PVDF layer on the visceral side forms a barrier to the intestines. PVDF demonstrably decreases the risks of adhesions compared with polypropylene [11] and thus reduces the risk of intestinal erosions. If implantation of several meshes is required (for example, the sandwich technique [9]), the open-pore structure means that implants can easily be overlapped.

Correct Orientation

The parietal side (PP component) has a green marker thread and must face the abdominal wall. The marker thread is located on the front surface and simultaneously shows the correct direction of the elasticity in the craniocaudal direction.



Advantages for the Patients

The open-pore mesh construction facilitates the break-down of seroma and reduces scar plate formation.

Minimal mesh shrinkage is achieved and long-term surgical success with high patient comfort is ensured [9-14] through the open-pore and elastic mesh construction made from PVDF, which offers long-term stability.

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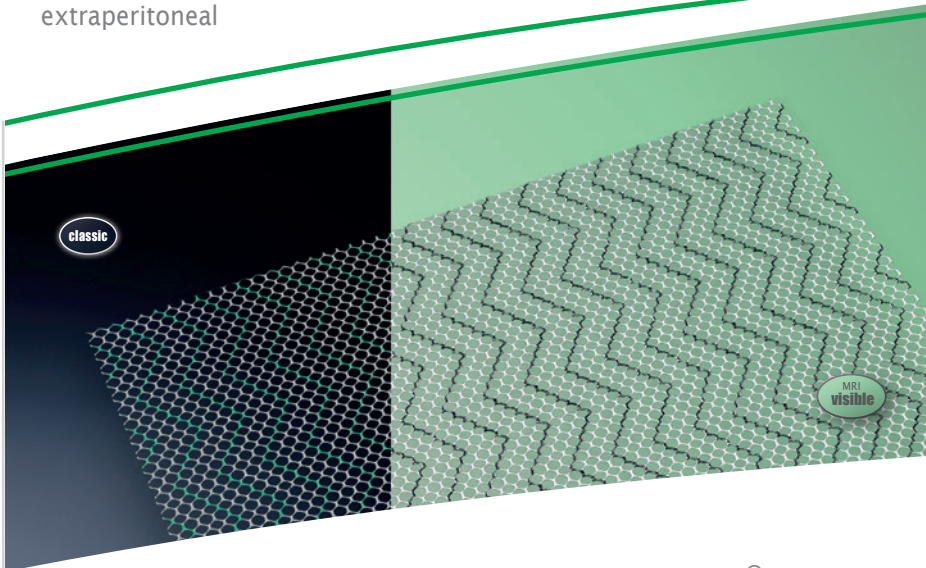


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Hernias

Abdominal Wall Hernia / Umbilical Hernia
extraperitoneal



DynaMesh®-CICAT implants are designed for soft tissue reinforcement and soft tissue bridging of the fascial and connective tissue structures of the abdominal wall as part of surgical treatment for epigastric hernias, umbilical or incisional hernias, and also as part of incisional hernia prevention.



DynaMesh®-CICAT

Abdominal Wall Hernia

Recommended sizes for the surgical treatment of abdominal wall hernias.

When selecting the mesh size, ensure sufficient overlap!

^(P) Prophylaxis

DynaMesh®-CICAT		d 10 cm round	PV090010F3	BX = 3 pieces
		10 cm x 10 cm	PV091010F3	BX = 3 pieces
		15 cm x 15 cm	PV091515F3	BX = 3 pieces

DynaMesh®-CICAT



longitudinal

		10 cm x 35 cm ^(P)	PV091035F2	BX = 2 pieces
		15 cm x 25 cm	PV091525F2	BX = 2 pieces
			PV091525F5	BX = 5 pieces
		15 cm x 30 cm	PV091530F2	BX = 2 pieces
			PV091530F5	BX = 5 pieces
		18 cm x 40 cm	PV091840F2	BX = 2 pieces
		20 cm x 30 cm	PV092030F2	BX = 2 pieces
			PV092030F5	BX = 5 pieces
		30 cm x 45 cm	PV093045F1	BX = 1 piece
			PV093045F3	BX = 3 pieces
		45 cm x 60 cm	PV094560F1	BX = 1 piece

DynaMesh®-CICAT



transversal

		40 cm x 20 cm	PV094020F1	BX = 1 piece
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DynaMesh®-CICAT visible






		20 cm x 30 cm	PV162030F1	BX = 1 piece
		45 cm x 60 cm	PV164560F1	BX = 1 piece

Umbilical Hernia

Recommended sizes for the surgical treatment of umbilical hernias.

When selecting the mesh size, ensure sufficient overlap!

DynaMesh®-CICAT		05 cm x 06 cm	PV090506F5	BX = 5 pieces
		d 10 cm round	PV090010F3	BX = 3 pieces
		10 cm x 10 cm	PV091010F3	BX = 3 pieces
		15 cm x 15 cm	PV091515F3	BX = 3 pieces

DynaMesh®-CICAT visible



		05 cm x 06 cm	PV160506F5	BX = 5 pieces
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Hernias





Abdominal Wall Hernia / Umbilical Hernia
extraperitoneal

DynaMesh®-CICAT

Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®-CICAT	DynaMesh®-CICAT visible
Field of application	abdominal wall hernia / umbilical hernia	
Surgical access	open / mini-open / endoscopic / laparoscopic	
Surgical technique	all current extraperitoneal surgical techniques	
Mesh position	extraperitoneal (onlay, sublay and/or preperitoneal)	
Fixation	none / sutures / adhesives	
Green/black marking strips		●
Visible technology	●	●
Polymer (monofilament)		PVDF
Biocompatibility		●
Ageing resistance		●
Dynamometry		●
Tear propagation resistance		●
No scar plate formation		●
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])		1a

DynaMesh®-CICAT implants should be placed extraperitoneally in onlay, sublay and/or preperitoneal mesh position.

VI008xx	DynaMesh®-CICAT - Animation: Retromuscular Alloplasty - Incisional Hernia Repair https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi008xx	
VI002en	DynaMesh®-CICAT - Animation: Umbilical Hernia Repair in PUMP Technique https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi002en	
VI002de	DynaMesh®-CICAT - Animation: Reparation der Nabelhernie in der PUMP Technik https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi002de	
VI009xx	DynaMesh®-CICAT - Animation: MILOS Technique https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi009xx	

● Applies to all product sizes
● Does not apply

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Hernias

Abdominal Wall Hernia / Umbilical Hernia
extraperitoneal

Clear-Cut Use

	Abdominal Wall Hernia			Umbilical Hernia	
	longitudinal	transversal		sublay	subfascial
Repair					
Prophylaxis (P)			—	—	—

Safe Positioning

A requirement for lasting surgical success is that the implant must be correctly positioned.

For this purpose, the implants are incorporated with **green orientation strips**. They must always run in the **craniocaudal** direction.

Safe Placement

The **antislip surface** ensures stable positioning of the mesh. It also facilitates handling and fixation.

The high effective porosity allows direct contact of the tissue layers through the mesh and promotes rapid incorporation.

Please note: DynaMesh®-CICAT must not be placed intraperitoneally.

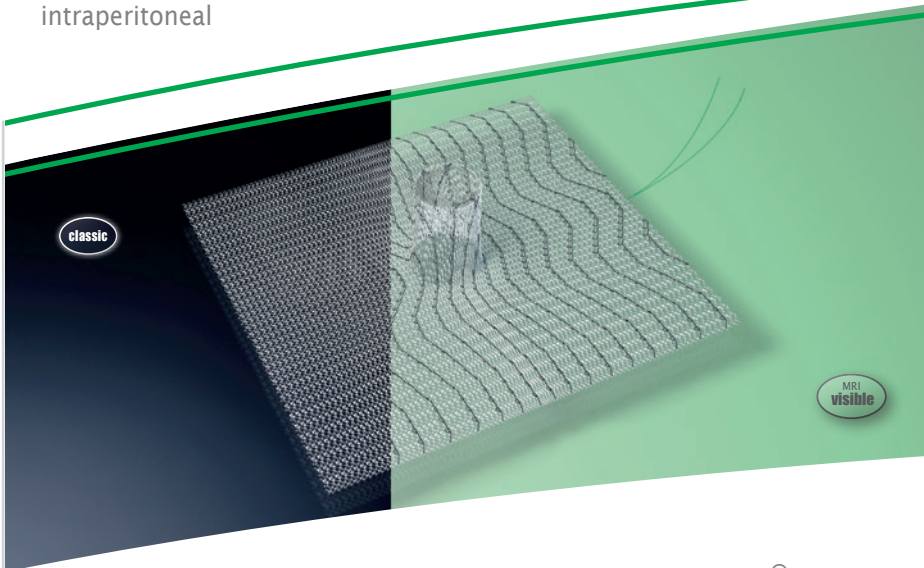
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Hernias
Parastomal Hernia
intraperitoneal



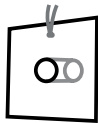
DynaMesh®-IPST implants are used in the prophylaxis and therapy of hernias and fascial defects in the abdominal wall after ostomy as well as to reinforce connective tissue structures and prevent prolapse of the diverted portion of the intestines.

DynaMesh®-IPST

Repair and Prevention of Parastomal Hernia

When selecting the mesh size, ensure sufficient overlap!

DynaMesh®-IPST



Funnel height: 4.0 cm

ø 02 cm x 15 cm x 15 cm (L4) IP072415F1 BX = 1 piece

Funnel height: 2.5 cm

ø 02 cm x 15 cm x 15 cm IP070215F1 BX = 1 piece

ø 02 cm x 25 cm x 25 cm IP070225F1 BX = 1 piece

ø 03 cm x 16 cm x 16 cm IP070316F1 BX = 1 piece

ø 04 cm x 17 cm x 17 cm IP070417F1 BX = 1 piece

DynaMesh®-IPST visible

Funnel height: 4.0 cm

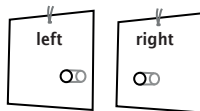
ø 02 cm x 15 cm x 15 cm (L4) IP082415F1 BX = 1 piece

Funnel height: 2.5 cm

ø 02 cm x 15 cm x 15 cm IP080215F1 BX = 1 piece

ø 03 cm x 16 cm x 16 cm IP080316F1 BX = 1 piece

DynaMesh®-IPST-D visible



Funnel height: 4.0 cm

ø 02 cm x 30 cm x 30 cm (L4) left IP082431F1 BX = 1 piece

ø 02 cm x 30 cm x 30 cm (L4) right IP082432F1 BX = 1 piece

Important: Side specificity (left-sided/right-sided stoma)

Repair of Parastomal Hernia

When selecting the mesh size, ensure sufficient overlap!

DynaMesh®-IPST-R



Funnel height: 3.5 cm

ø 03 cm x 16 cm x 16 cm (L3.5) IP103316F1 BX = 1 piece

DynaMesh®-IPST-R visible

Funnel height: 3.5 cm

ø 03 cm x 16 cm x 16 cm (L3.5) IP113316F1 BX = 1 piece

Use and Properties


Product	DynaMesh®- IPST (1) / -IPST visible (2)	DynaMesh®- IPST-D visible (3)	DynaMesh®- IPST-R (4) / -IPST-R visible (5)
Field of application	parastomal hernia (repair / prevention)		parastomal hernia (repair)
Surgical access	laparoscopic / open		
Surgical technique	IPOM		
Mesh position	intraperitoneal		
Fixation	sutures / tacks		
Green marker thread	●		
PVDF barrier	●		
Visible technology	● (1) / ● (2)	● (3)	● (4) / ● (5)
Dual-component structure	PVDF monofilament > 85 % PP monofilament		
Biocompatibility	●		
Ageing resistance	●		
Dynamometry	●		
Tear propagation resistance	●		
No scar plate formation	●		
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])	1 a		

All **DynaMesh®-IPST** implants are used both in laparoscopy and in open surgery. Common applications follow the intraperitoneal onlay mesh technique since the mesh is composed of different materials, which allows intraperitoneal application.

All **DynaMesh®-IPST** implants have a parietal and a visceral side. The parietal side is marked with green thread ends and consists of PVDF and a small portion of PP on the surface, while the visceral side consists of PVDF on the surface.


DynaMesh®-IPST-D visible implants are used for the repair as well as the prevention of parastomal hernia with particularly large overlap in cranial and medial direction with intraperitoneal mesh position (side specificity: left-sided / right-sided stoma).

DynaMesh®-IPST-R implants are used to repair the parastomal hernia without detachment of the stoma from the abdominal wall with intraperitoneal mesh position. The prefabricated slit facilitates placement of the mesh implant around the terminal segment of the bowel.

VI087xx	DynaMesh®-IPST - Animation: Parastomal Hernia https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi087xx	
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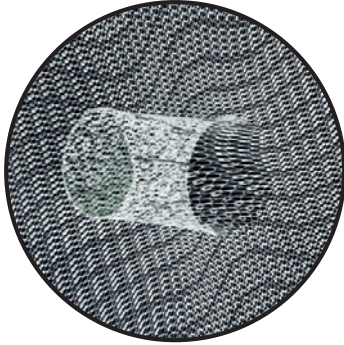
- Applies to all product sizes
- Does not apply

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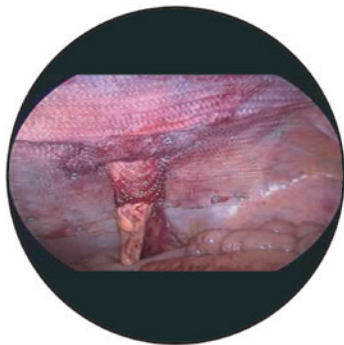
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Handling

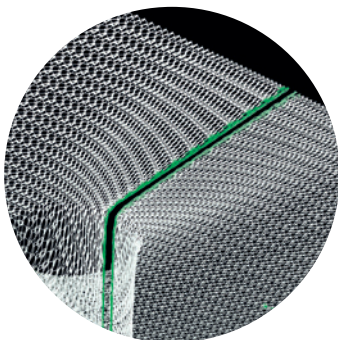
The implant is made from a single piece of mesh for a seamless junction with the elastic funnel. **DynaMesh®-IPST** is a **three-dimensional** preshaped implant providing excellent elasticity and flexibility - which facilitates stomaplasty preparation for the surgeon.



Elastic Funnel

The dual-layer composite structure promotes ingrowth into the abdominal wall while at the same time reducing the risks of adhesions on the visceral side.

The **elastic funnel** with no sharp selvedges leads to secure integration of the terminal segment of bowel and reliably prevents parastomal hernia formation [15,61].



Placement

DynaMesh®-IPST-R can be placed without detaching the stoma from the abdominal wall.

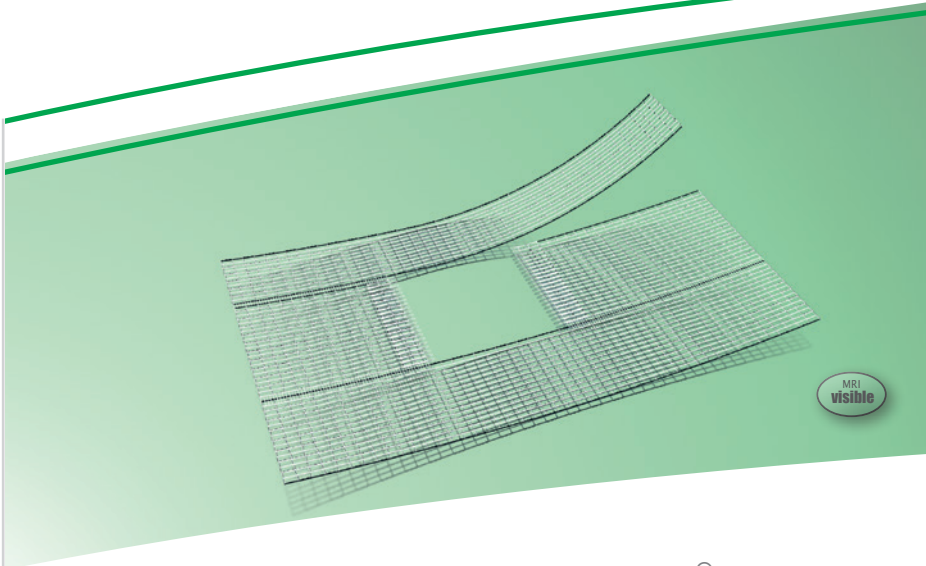
The prefabricated slit makes it easier to place the mesh implant around the terminal section of the bowel.

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DynaMesh®-HIATUS implants are specially developed for prosthetic hiatoplasty and serve to achieve the long-lasting support and stabilisation of the diaphragm in the region of the oesophageal hiatus.

DynaMesh®-HIATUS

When selecting the mesh size, ensure sufficient overlap!

DynaMesh®-HIATUS	07 cm x 12 cm	PV610712F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV610712F3	BX = 3 pieces
	08 cm x 13 cm	PV610813F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV610813F3	BX = 3 pieces

VI014xx	DynaMesh®-HIATUS - Animation: Surgical Treatment of Hiatal Hernia in Laparoscopic Technique https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi014xx	
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Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®-HIATUS
Field of application	hiatal hernia
Surgical access	laparoscopic
Surgical technique	hiatal hernia surgery with implant
Fixation	sutures / adhesives / tacks*
Shape stability	●
Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges	●
Visible technology	●
Polymer (monofilament)	PVDF
Biocompatibility	●
Ageing resistance	●
Dynamometry	●
Tear propagation resistance	●
No scar plate formation	●
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])	1a

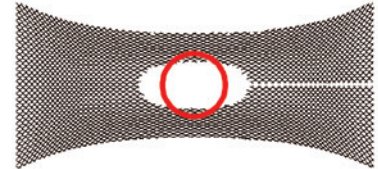
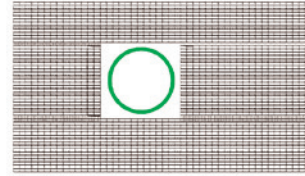
* Tacks may only be used if injury to the pericardium can be ruled out with certainty.

● Applies to all product sizes

Shape Stability Under Load

Conventional mesh structures deform under load. Constriction of the mesh in the region of the hiatus may reduce the distance between mesh implant and oesophagus, eventually causing mesh erosion.

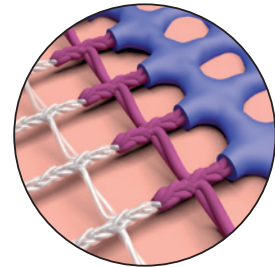
DynaMesh®-HIATUS is based on a sophisticated textile design with rectangular pores, which even under load retain a high degree of shape stability.



High Effective Porosity

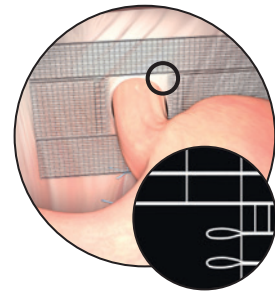
Mesh implants tend to shrink after incorporation in vivo.

DynaMesh®-HIATUS has a high effective porosity, which ensures that the mesh implant is thoroughly incorporated. During incorporation, the use of the proven and highly biocompatible PVDF polymer ensures that scarring is kept to a minimum. The good incorporation of the mesh implants combined with less scarring leads to minimisation of mesh shrinkage and permanently high flexibility of the incorporated implant.



Smooth, Warp-Knitted Selvedges

If the mesh does come into contact with the oesophagus in spite of all measures to prevent it, **DynaMesh®-HIATUS** has smooth selvedges that can minimise the danger of mesh erosion.

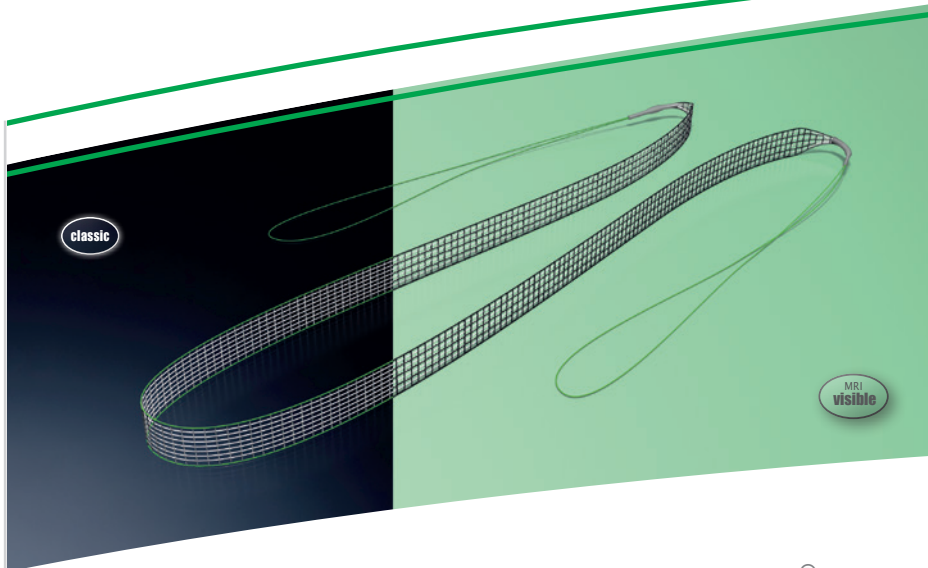


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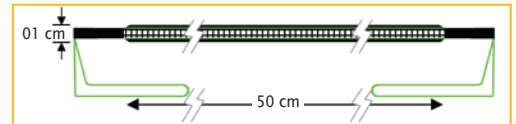
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DynaMesh®-SIS implants are designed as a midurethral sling for soft tissue reinforcement of the pelvic floor as part of the surgical treatment of stress urinary incontinence caused by a hypermobile urethra and/or intrinsic sphincter deficiency.

DynaMesh®-SIS

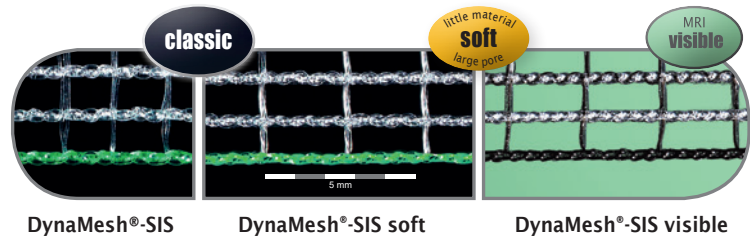
DynaMesh®-SIS	01 cm x 50 cm	PV211056F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV211056F3	BX = 3 pieces
DynaMesh®-SIS soft	01 cm x 50 cm	PV411056F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV411056F3	BX = 3 pieces
DynaMesh®-SIS visible	01 cm x 50 cm	PV471056F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV471056F3	BX = 3 pieces



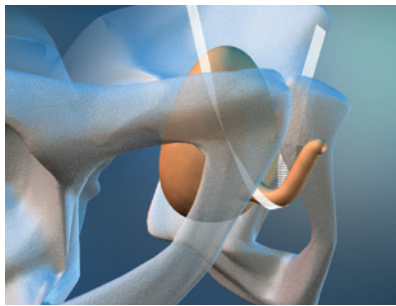
Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®-SIS	DynaMesh®-SIS soft	DynaMesh®-SIS visible
Field of application	stress urinary incontinence (SUI)		
Surgical access	transvaginal		
Surgical technique	TVT - retropubic - inside-out / TOT - transobturator - inside-out - outside-in		
Fixation	none		
Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges		●	
Shape stability [TR1,TR12]		●	
Defined elasticity [TR10]		●	
Visible technology	●	●	●
Polymer (monofilament)		PVDF	
Biocompatibility [1 ^A ,2 ^A ,4 ^A ,68 ^A ,100 ^A ,TR1]		●	
Ageing resistance [101,2 ^A ,5 ^B ,52 ^B ,93 ^A ,27 ^A]		●	
Classification (Klinge's classification [8]) [TR1 1]		1a	

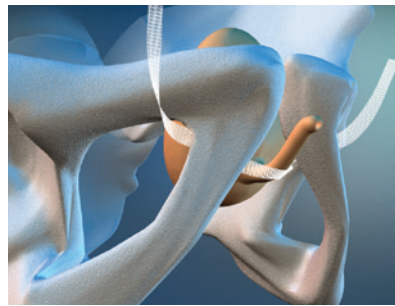
● Applies to all product sizes
● Does not apply
[#] Reference "#" (see "References")
[#^A] Reference "#" (see "References"), "A": limitation "animal trial"
[#^B] Reference "#" (see "References"), "B": limitation "in-vitro trial"
[TR#] Internal test-report (see "internal test-report references")



Retropubic
(inside-out / bottom-up)



Transobturator
(inside-out & outside-in)



DynaMesh®-SIS implants are positioned using the inside-out technique in case of a retropubic tape position, and using the outside-in or inside-out technique in case of a transobturator tape position.

DynaMesh®-SIS implants have a thread on both ends of the sling, which aids fixation to the surgical instrument.

Several reusable instruments are available separately to assist the positioning of **DynaMesh®-SIS** implants:



DynaMesh®-ISR01:
Instrument for retropubic positioning of DynaMesh®-SIS implants through transvaginal access using the inside-out technique.



Diameter: 5 - 7 cm

DynaMesh®-IST01/-IST02/-IST03:
Instrument set consisting of two instruments (right and left side) for transobturator positioning through transvaginal access using the inside-out or outside-in technique.



DynaMesh®-IVT01:
Instrument for transobturator positioning through transvaginal access using the outside-in technique.

VI040xx DynaMesh®-SIS - Animation: Surgical Treatment of Stress Urinary Incontinence - SUI - TVT 8/4
<https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi040xx>

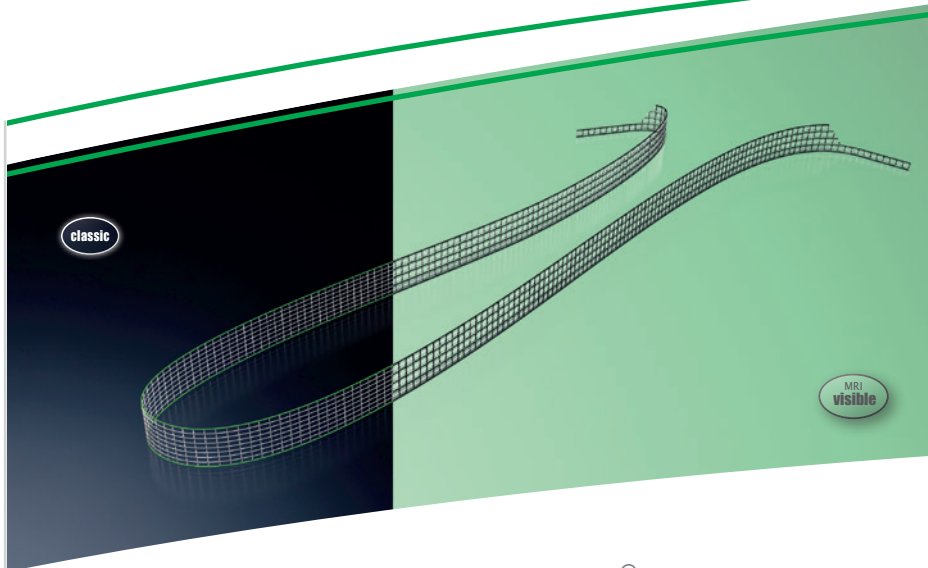


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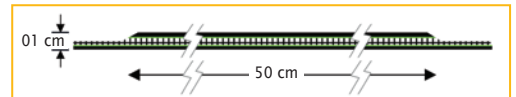
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email: info@globalmedcare.net
www.globalmedcare.net



DynaMesh®-SIS direct implants are designed as a midurethral sling for soft tissue reinforcement of the pelvic floor as part of the surgical treatment of stress urinary incontinence caused by a hypermobile urethra and/or intrinsic sphincter deficiency.

DynaMesh®-SIS direct

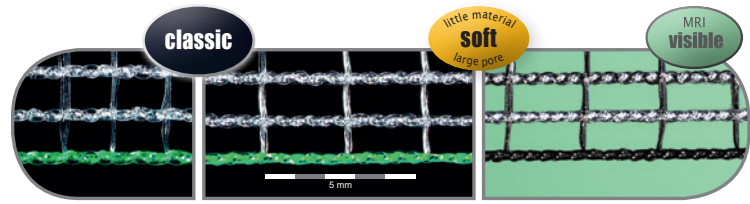
DynaMesh®-SIS direct	01 cm x 50 cm	PV211050F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV211050F3	BX = 3 pieces
DynaMesh®-SIS direct soft	01 cm x 50 cm	PV411050F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV411050F3	BX = 3 pieces
DynaMesh®-SIS direct visible	01 cm x 50 cm	PV471050F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV471050F3	BX = 3 pieces



Use and Properties

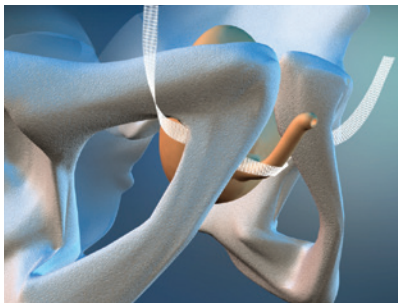
Product	DynaMesh®-SIS direct	DynaMesh®-SIS direct soft	DynaMesh®-SIS direct visible
Field of application	stress urinary incontinence (SUI)		
Surgical access	transvaginal		
Surgical technique	TOT - transobturator - outside-in		
Fixation	none		
Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges		●	
Shape stability [TR1,TR12]		●	
Defined elasticity [TR10]		●	
Visible technology	●	●	●
Polymer (monofilament)		PVDF	
Biocompatibility [1 ^A ,2 ^A ,4 ^A ,68 ^A ,100 ^A ,TR1]		●	
Ageing resistance [101,2 ^A ,5 ^B ,52 ^B ,93 ^A ,27 ^A]		●	
Classification (Klinge's classification [8]) [TR11]		1a	

● Applies to all product sizes
● Does not apply
[#] Reference "#" (see "References")
[#^A] Reference "#" (see "References"), "A": limitation "animal trial"
[#^B] Reference "#" (see "References"), "B": limitation "in-vitro trial"
[TR#] Internal test-report (see "internal test-report references")



DynaMesh®-SIS direct DynaMesh®-SIS direct soft DynaMesh®-SIS direct visible

Transobturator (outside-in)



DynaMesh®-SIS direct implants are positioned using the outside-in technique in a transobturator tape position.

Several reusable instruments are available separately to assist the positioning of DynaMesh®-SIS direct implants:



Diameter: 5 - 7 cm

DynaMesh®-IST01/-IST02/-IST03:

Instrument set consisting of two instruments (right and left side) for transobturator positioning through transvaginal access using the outside-in technique.



DynaMesh®-IVT01:

Instrument for transobturator positioning through transvaginal access using the outside-in technique.

VI045en	DynaMesh®-SIS direct - Animation: SUI Treatment - Transobturator (out/in) - TOT https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi045en	
VI021xx	DynaMesh®-SIS direct - Animation: SUI Treatment - Transobturator (out/in) - TOT 8/4 https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi021xx	

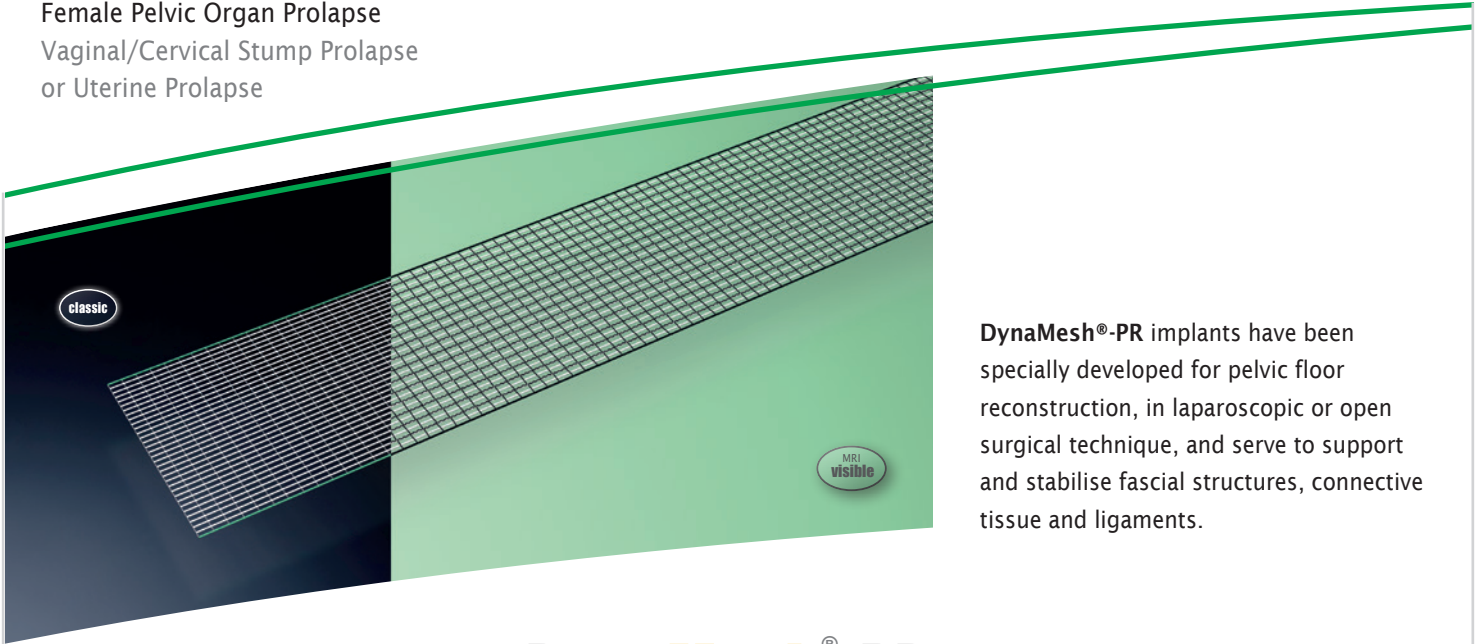
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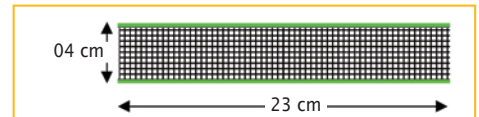
Female Pelvic Organ Prolapse
Vaginal/Cervical Stump Prolapse
or Uterine Prolapse



DynaMesh®-PR implants have been specially developed for pelvic floor reconstruction, in laparoscopic or open surgical technique, and serve to support and stabilise fascial structures, connective tissue and ligaments.

DynaMesh®-PR

DynaMesh®-PR soft	04 cm x 23 cm	PV500423F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV500423F3	BX = 3 pieces
DynaMesh®-PR visible	04 cm x 23 cm	PV700423F1	BX = 1 piece



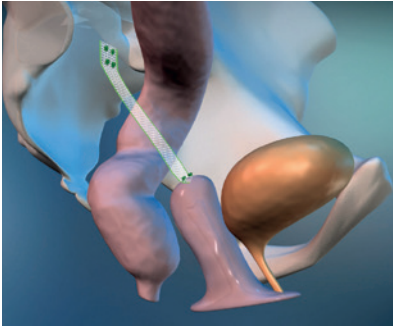
Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®-PR soft	DynaMesh®-PR visible
Field of application	vaginal/cervical stump or uterine prolapse, concomitant cystocele/rectocele	
Surgical access	laparoscopic / open	
Surgical technique	colposacropexy / cervicosacropexy / hysterovacropexy unilateral	
Fixation on vagina / cervix	sutures	
Fixation on sacrum	sutures / tacks	
Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges		●
Shape stability		●
Defined elasticity		●
Visible technology	●	●
Polymer (monofilament)		PVDF
Biocompatibility		●
Ageing resistance		●
Dynamometry		●
Tear propagation resistance		●
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])		1 a

● Applies to all product sizes
● Does not apply

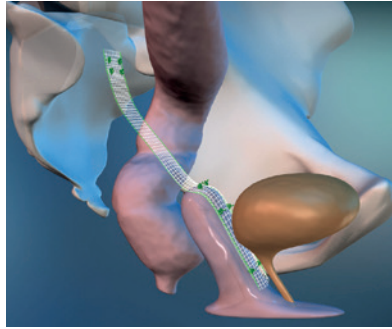
DynaMesh®-PR implants are used in the surgical treatment of the vaginal/cervical stump or uterine prolapse, as well as in the treatment of a concomitant cystocele/rectocele.

Application Examples:



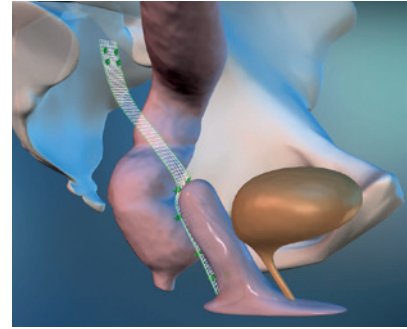
Colpo-/cervicosacropexy

- unilateral
- fixation on vaginal/cervical stump



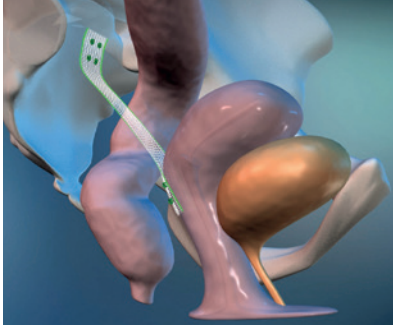
Colpo-/cervicosacropexy

- unilateral
- fixation on vaginal/cervical stump and anterior mesh plasty for concomitant cystocele



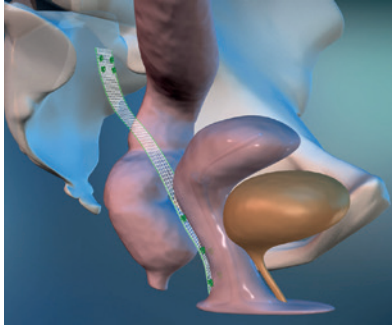
Colpo-/cervicosacropexy

- unilateral
- fixation on vaginal/cervical stump and posterior mesh plasty for concomitant rectocele




Hysterosacropexy

- unilateral
- posterior cervical fixation



Hysterosacropexy

- unilateral
- posterior cervical fixation and posterior mesh plasty for concomitant rectocele

VI086xx	DynaMesh®-PR - Animation: Colposacropexy https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi086xx	
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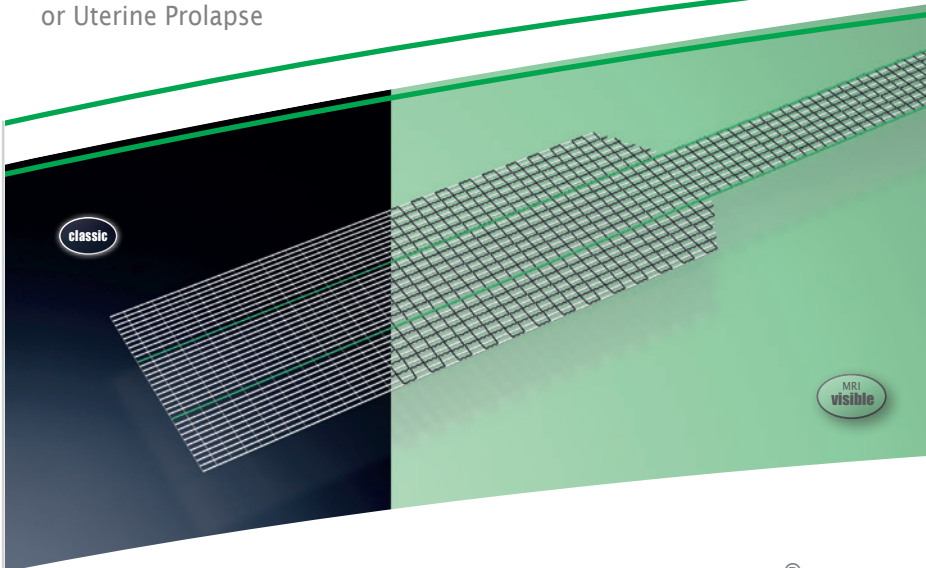
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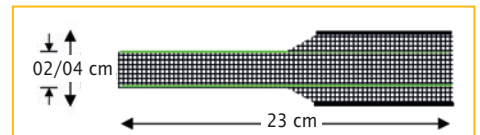
Female Pelvic Organ Prolapse
Vaginal/Cervical Stump Prolapse
or Uterine Prolapse



DynaMesh®-PRR implants have been specially developed for pelvic floor reconstruction, in laparoscopic or open surgical technique, and serve to support and stabilise fascial structures, connective tissue and ligaments.

DynaMesh®-PRR

DynaMesh®-PRR soft	02/04 cm x 23 cm	PV360423F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV360423F3	BX = 3 pieces
DynaMesh®-PRR visible	02/04 cm x 23 cm	PV760423F1	BX = 1 piece



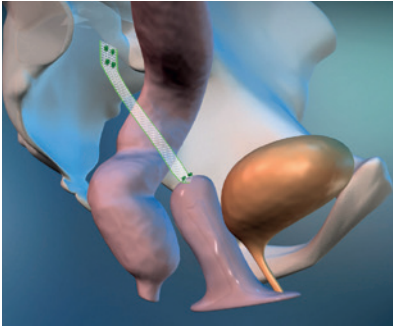
Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®-PRR soft	DynaMesh®-PRR visible
Field of application	vaginal/cervical stump or uterine prolapse, concomitant cystocele/rectocele	
Surgical access	laparoscopic / open	
Surgical technique	colposacropexy / cervicosacropexy / hysterovacropexy unilateral	
Fixation on vagina / cervix	sutures	
Fixation on sacrum	sutures / tacks	
Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges		●
Shape stability		●
Defined elasticity		●
Visible technology	●	●
Polymer (monofilament)		PVDF
Biocompatibility		●
Ageing resistance		●
Dynamometry		●
Tear propagation resistance		●
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])		1a

● Applies to all product sizes
● Does not apply

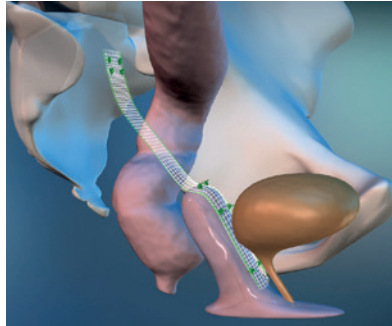
DynaMesh®-PRR implants are used in the surgical treatment of the vaginal/cervical stump or uterine prolapse, as well as in the treatment of a concomitant cystocele/rectocele.

Application Examples:



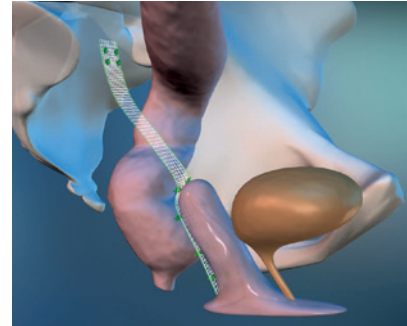
Colpo-/cervicosacropexy

- unilateral
- fixation on vaginal/cervical stump



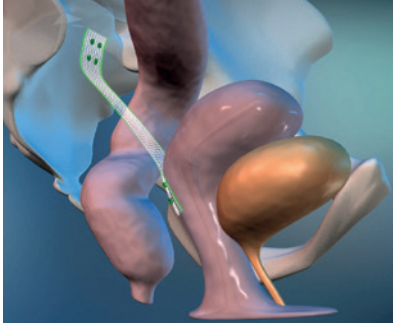
Colpo-/cervicosacropexy

- unilateral
- fixation on vaginal/cervical stump and anterior mesh plasty for concomitant cystocele



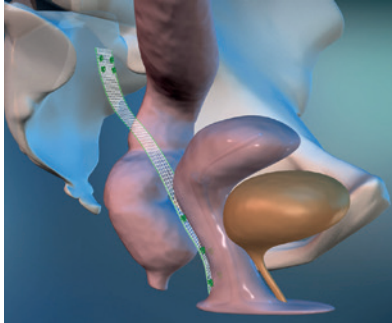
Colpo-/cervicosacropexy

- unilateral
- fixation on vaginal/cervical stump and posterior mesh plasty for concomitant rectocele



Hysterosacropexy

- unilateral
- posterior cervical fixation



Hysterosacropexy

- unilateral
- posterior cervical fixation and posterior mesh plasty for concomitant rectocele

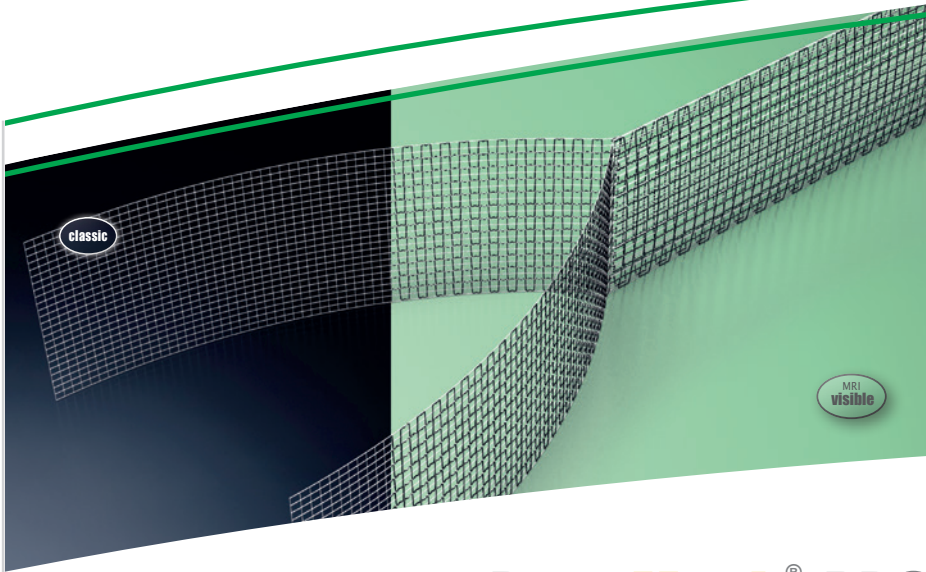
VI083xx	DynaMesh®-PRR - Animation: Colposacropexy https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi083xx	
VI062xx	DynaMesh®-PRR - Animation: Hysterosacropexy https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi062xx	

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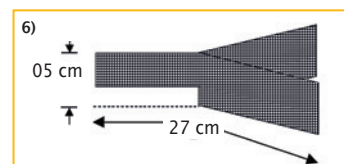
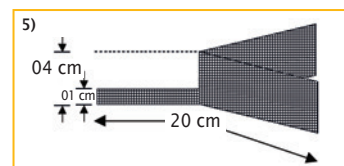
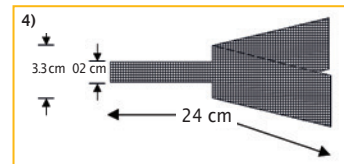
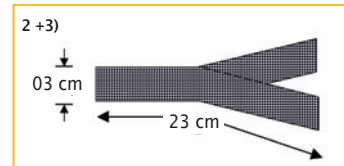
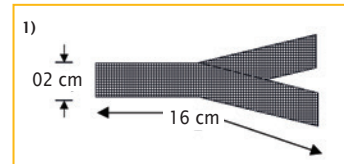
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DynaMesh®-PRS implants have been specially developed for pelvic floor reconstruction, in laparoscopic or open surgical technique, and serve to support and stabilise fascial structures, connective tissue and ligaments. The implants are used in the surgical treatment of the vaginal or cervical stump prolapse, as well as in the treatment of a concomitant cystocele and/or rectocele.

DynaMesh®-PRS

DynaMesh®-PRS soft	¹⁾ 02 cm x 16 cm	PV350216F1	BX = 1 piece
DynaMesh®-PRS soft	²⁾ 03 cm x 23 cm	PV350323F1	BX = 1 piece
DynaMesh®-PRS visible	³⁾ 03 cm x 23 cm	PV750323F1	BX = 1 piece
DynaMesh®-PRS visible	⁴⁾ 3.3 cm x 24 cm	PV750424F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV750424F10	BX = 10 pieces
DynaMesh®-PRS visible	⁵⁾ 04 cm x 20 cm	PV750420F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV750420F10	BX = 10 pieces
DynaMesh®-PRS soft	⁶⁾ 05 cm x 27 cm	PV350527F1	BX = 1 piece

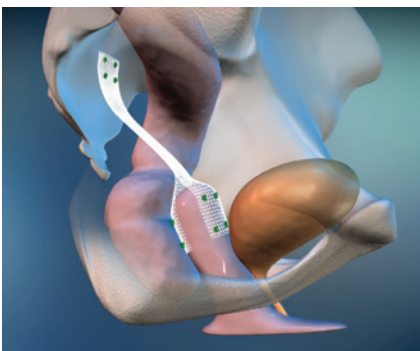


VI046xx	DynaMesh®-PRS - Animation: Colposacropexy https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi046xx	
VI048xx	DynaMesh®-PRS - Animation: Colposacropexy https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi048xx	
VI067xx	DynaMesh® MRI - Animation: MRI Reconstruction with DynaMesh®-PRS visible https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi067xx	

Use and Properties

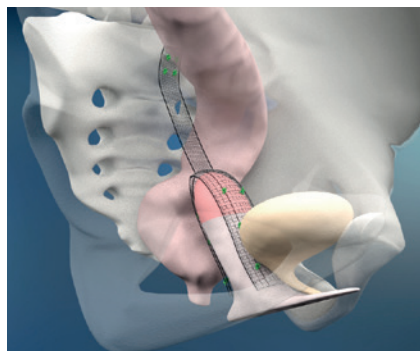
Product	DynaMesh®-PRS soft 02 cm x 16 cm ⁽¹⁾ 03 cm x 23 cm ⁽²⁾ 05 cm x 27 cm ⁽⁶⁾	DynaMesh®-PRS visible 03 cm x 23 cm ⁽³⁾ 3.3 cm x 24 cm ⁽⁴⁾ 04 cm x 20 cm ⁽⁵⁾
Field of application	vaginal/cervical stump prolapse, concomitant cystocele/rectocele	
Surgical access	laparoscopic / open	
Surgical technique	colposacropepy / cervicosacropepy unilateral	
Fixation on vagina / cervix	sutures	
Fixation on sacrum	sutures / tacks	
Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges	●	
Shape stability	●	
Defined elasticity	●	
Visible technology	● (1,2,6)	● (3,4,5)
Polymer (monofilament)	PVDF	
Biocompatibility	●	
Ageing resistance	●	
Dynamometry	●	
Tear propagation resistance	●	
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])	1a	

Application Examples:



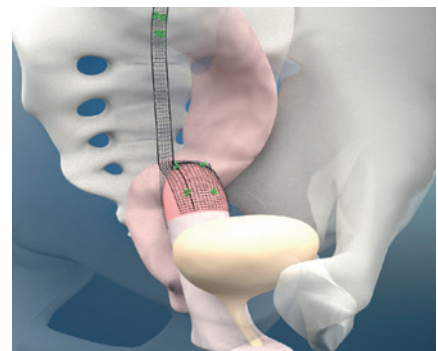
Colpo-/cervicosacropepy

- unilateral



Colpo-/cervicosacropepy

- unilateral
- anterior/posterior mesh plasty
(for concomitant
cystocele/rectocele)



Colpo-/cervicosacropepy

- unilateral

● Applies to all product sizes
● Does not apply

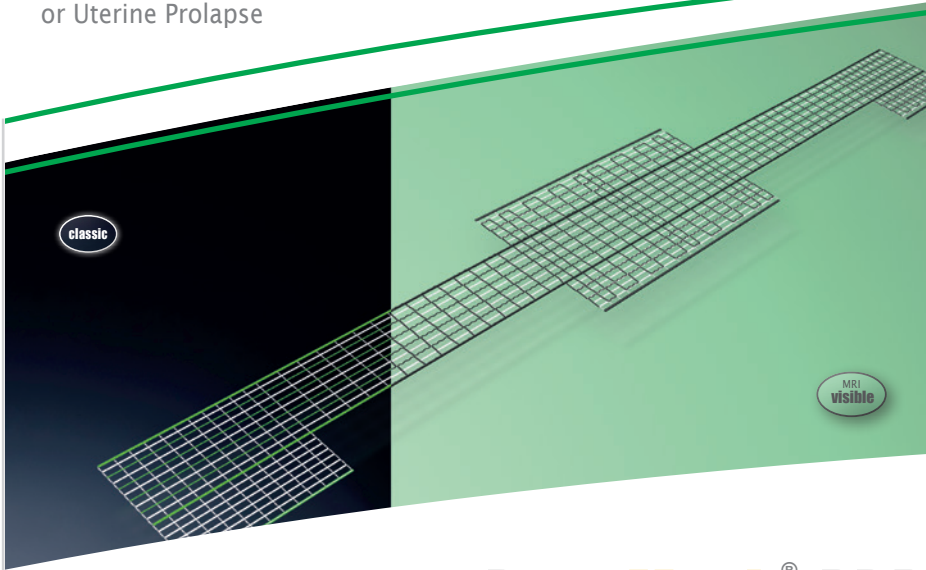
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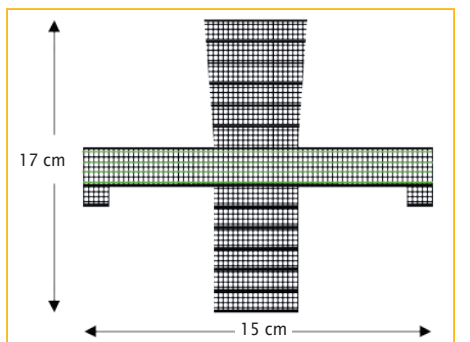
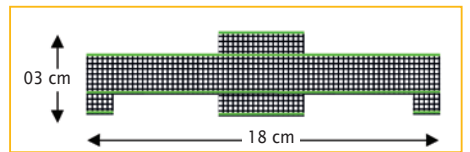
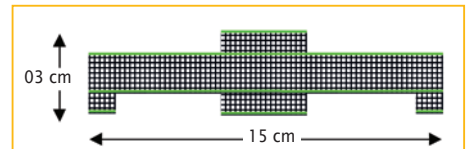
Female Pelvic Organ Prolapse
Vaginal/Cervical Stump Prolapse
or Uterine Prolapse



DynaMesh®-PRP implants have been specially developed for pelvic floor reconstruction, in laparoscopic or open surgical technique, and serve to support and stabilise fascial structures, connective tissue and ligaments. The implants are used in the surgical treatment of a prolapse of the vaginal/cervical stump or uterine prolapse in the pectopexy technique.

DynaMesh®-PRP

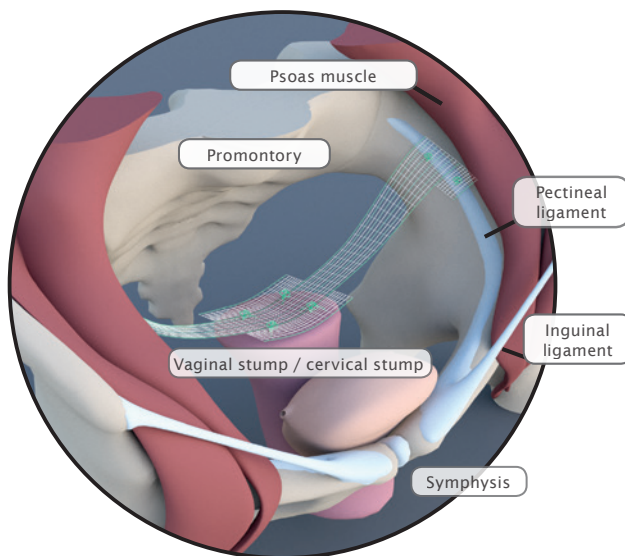
DynaMesh®-PRP soft	¹⁾ 03 cm x 15 cm	PV540315F1	BX = 1 piece
	¹⁾ 03 cm x 15 cm	PV540315F3	BX = 3 pieces
DynaMesh®-PRP visible	²⁾ 03 cm x 15 cm	PV780315F1	BX = 1 piece
DynaMesh®-PRP visible	³⁾ 03 cm x 18 cm	PV780318F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV780318F3	BX = 3 pieces
DynaMesh®-PRP visible	⁴⁾ 17 cm x 15 cm	PV781715F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV781715F3	BX = 3 pieces



VI042xx	DynaMesh®-PRP - Animation: Pectopexy https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi042xx	
VI061xx	DynaMesh®-PRP - Animation: Hysteropectopexy - Anterior Fixation https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi061xx	
VI053xx	DynaMesh®-PRP - Animation: Hysteropectopexy - Posterior Fixation https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi053xx	
VI054xx	DynaMesh®-PRP - Animation: Pectopexy with Anterior & Posterior Mesh Repair https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi054xx	
VI069xx	DynaMesh® MRI - Animation: MRI Reconstruction with DynaMesh®-PRP visible https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi069xx	

Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®-PRP soft ⁽¹⁾ / visible ⁽²⁾ 03 cm x 15 cm	DynaMesh®-PRP visible 03 cm x 18 cm ⁽³⁾	DynaMesh®-PRP visible 17 cm x 15 cm ⁽⁴⁾
Field of application	vaginal/cervical stump or uterine prolapse	vaginal stump or uterine prolapse	vaginal/cervical stump prolapse, concomitant cystocele/rectocele
Surgical access	laparoscopic / open		
Surgical technique	pectopexy bilateral		
Fixation on vagina / cervix	sutures		
Fixation on pectineal ligament	sutures		
Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges	●		
Shape stability	●		
Defined elasticity	●		
Visible technology	● (1) / ● (2)	● (3,4)	
Polymer (monofilament)	PVDF		
Biocompatibility	●		
Ageing resistance	●		
Dynamometry	●		
Tear propagation resistance	●		
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])	1a		




Pectopexy Bilateral Fixation on the Pectineal Ligament

Fig. left:
Apical mesh repair following hysterectomy with
DynaMesh®-PRP soft / visible (03 cm x 15 cm)

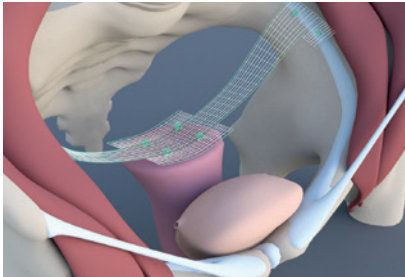
● Applies to all product sizes
● Does not apply

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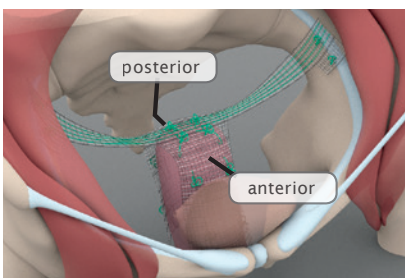
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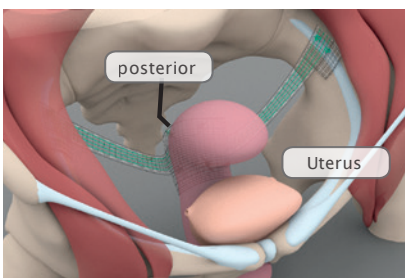
Pectopexy after vaginal/cervical prolapse:

- Two implant sizes are available in the following dimensions
DynaMesh®-PRP soft / visible 03 cm x 15 cm and
DynaMesh®-PRP visible 03 cm x 18 cm.
- With greatly shortened vaginas, e.g., following a radical hysterectomy,
DynaMesh®-PRP visible 03 cm x 18 cm can be optionally used.



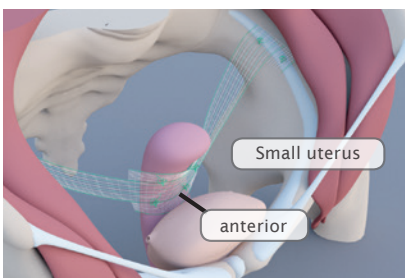
Pectopexy after vaginal/cervical prolapse with concomitant cystocele and/or rectocele: (pulsion cystocele / rectocele)

- Additional stabilisation of the affected vaginal wall can be achieved with **DynaMesh®-PRP visible 17 cm x 15 cm.**



Pectopexy after uterine prolapse with uterine preservation:

- With a normal sized uterus, **DynaMesh®-PRP visible 03 cm x 18 cm** should be used and fixed in place on the posterior cervix.



Pectopexy after uterine prolapse with uterine preservation:

- With smaller uteri (below 100 g), anterior fixation of **DynaMesh®-PRP soft / visible 03 cm x 15 cm** can be selected as an alternative.

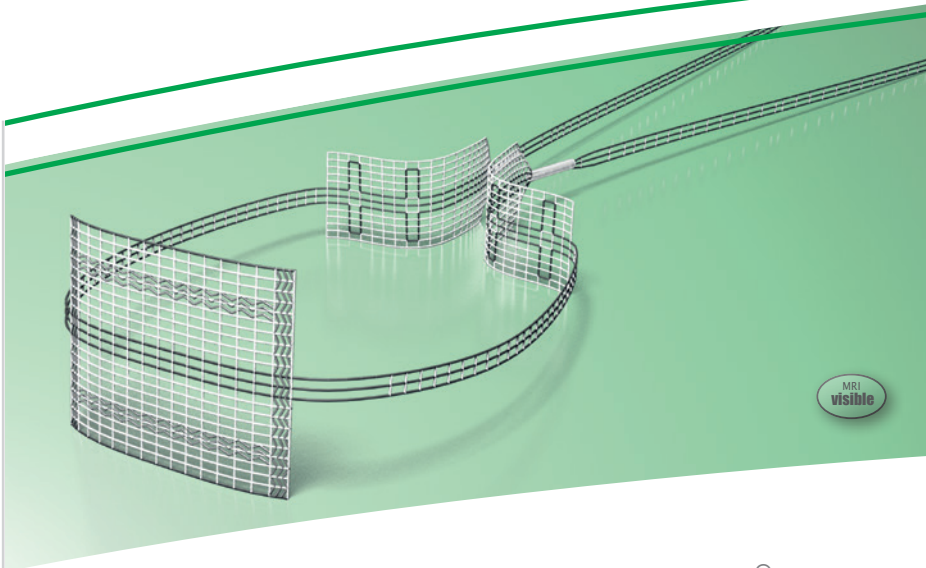
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Female Pelvic Organ Prolapse
Cervical Stump Prolapse

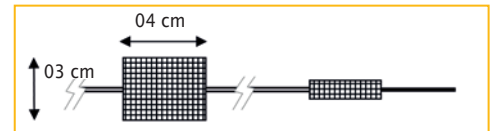


DynaMesh®-CESA implants have been specially developed for pelvic floor reconstruction, and particularly for reinforcing or replacing the uterosacral ligaments, in laparoscopic or open surgical technique.

The implants are used in the treatment of a prolapse of the internal genitalia, such as a cervical stump prolapse.

DynaMesh®-CESA

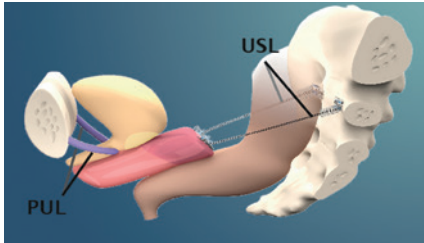
DynaMesh®-CESA	03 cm x 04 cm	PV740404F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV740404F3	BX = 3 pieces



Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®-CESA
Field of application	cervical stump prolapse
Surgical access	laparoscopic / open
Surgical technique	cervicosacropexy (CESA) bilateral
Fixation on cervical stump	sutures
Fixation on sacrum	sutures / tacks
Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges	●
Shape stability	●
Defined elasticity	●
Visible technology	●
Polymer (monofilament)	PVDF
Biocompatibility	●
Ageing resistance	●
Dynamometry	●
Tear propagation resistance	●
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])	1a

● Applies to all product sizes



DynaMesh®-CESA
(CErvice-SAcropexy)

The surgical technique CESA is a modified abdominal cervicosacropey procedure (laparoscopic/open), in which the uterosacral ligaments are bilaterally reinforced or replaced by the implant.



DynaMesh®-IVT02 instrument for **DynaMesh®-CESA** in retroperitoneal tape position through laparotomic access.
Reusable instrument made of surgical steel.
Length: 32 cm



- Extraperitoneal tunnelling
- Anatomically adapted to the pelvis
- Eyelet on instrument tip with slanted, atraumatic edges
- Use in laparoscopy
- Reusable instrument

VI094xx	DynaMesh®-CESA - Animation: Cervicosacropey - Bilateral Fixation - Level Promontory https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi094xx	
VI084xx	DynaMesh®-CESA - Animation: Cervicosacropey - Bilateral Fixation - Level S2 https://de.dyna-mesh.com/Vi084xx	

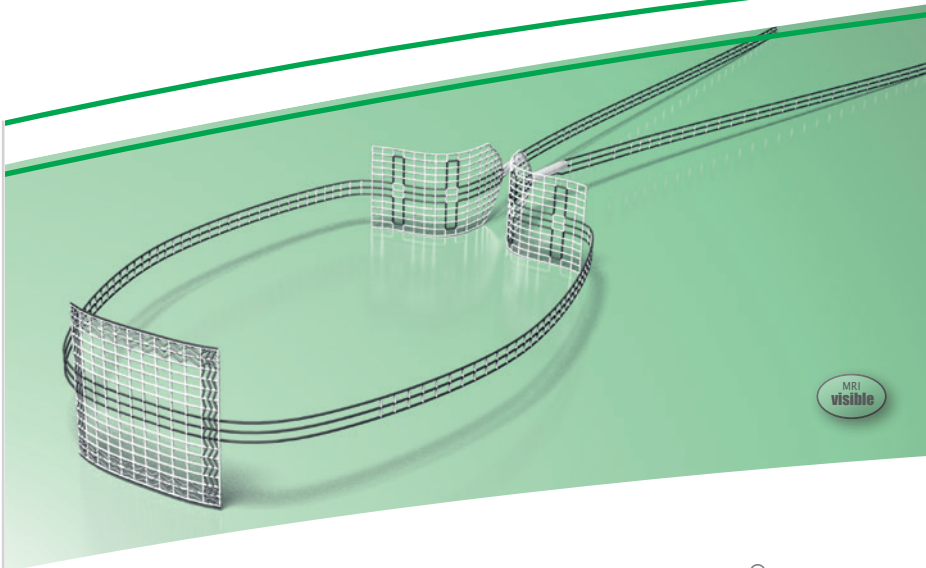
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Female Pelvic Organ Prolapse
Vaginal Stump Prolapse

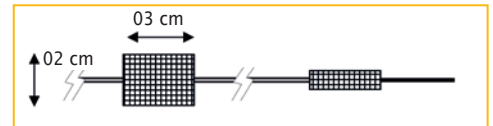


DynaMesh®-VASA implants have been specially developed for pelvic floor reconstruction, and particularly for reinforcing or replacing the uterosacral ligaments, in laparoscopic or open surgical technique.

The implants are used in the treatment of a prolapse of the internal genitalia, such as a vaginal stump prolapse.

DynaMesh®-VASA

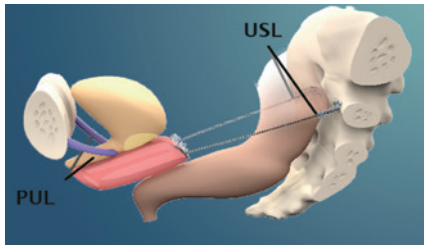
DynaMesh®-VASA	02 cm x 03 cm	PV740203F1	BX = 1 piece
		PV740203F3	BX = 3 pieces



Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®-VASA
Field of application	vaginal stump prolapse
Surgical access	laparoscopic / open
Surgical technique	colposacropexy (VASA) bilateral
Fixation on vaginal stump	sutures
Fixation on sacrum	sutures / tacks
Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges	●
Shape stability	●
Defined elasticity	●
Visible technology	●
Polymer (monofilament)	PVDF
Biocompatibility	●
Ageing resistance	●
Dynamometry	●
Tear propagation resistance	●
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])	1a

● Applies to all product sizes

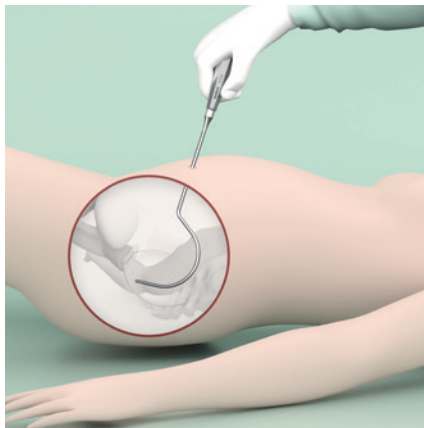


DynaMesh®-VASA
(VAgino-SACropexy)

The surgical technique VASA is a modified abdominal colposacropexy procedure (laparoscopic/open), in which the uterosacral ligaments are bilaterally reinforced or replaced by the implant.



DynaMesh®-IVT02 instrument for **DynaMesh®-VASA** in retroperitoneal tape position through laparotomic access.
Reusable instrument made of surgical steel.
Length: 32 cm



- Extraperitoneal tunnelling
- Anatomically adapted to the pelvis
- Eyelet on instrument tip with slanted, atraumatic edges
- Use in laparoscopy
- Reusable instrument

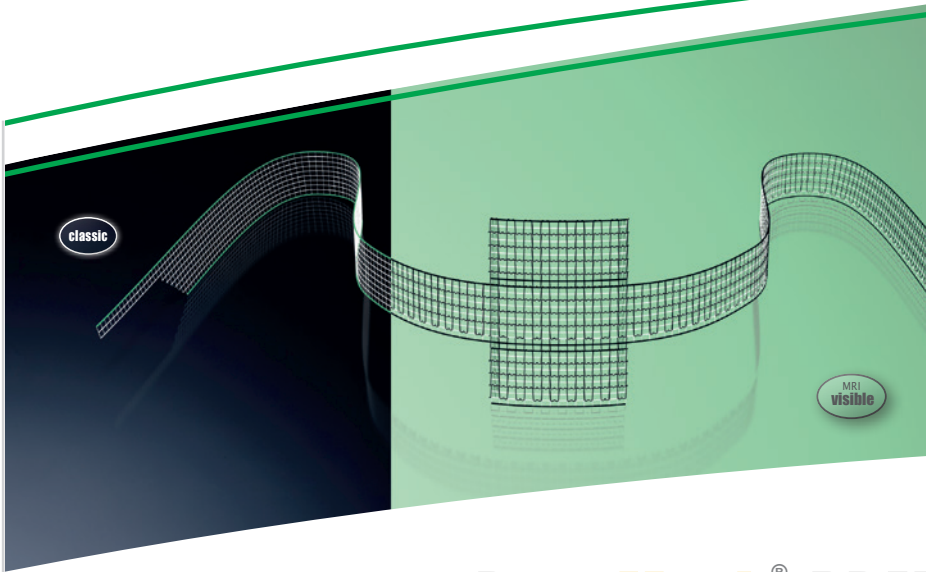
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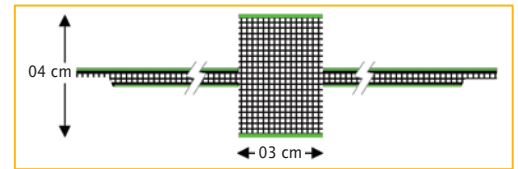
Male Urinary Incontinence
Stress Urinary Incontinence



DynaMesh®-PRM implants are used to support and stabilise connective tissue structures and ligaments. Common applications are suburethral slings for treating male stress urinary incontinence.

DynaMesh®-PRM

DynaMesh®-PRM	04 cm x 03 cm	PV330453F1	BX = 1 piece
DynaMesh®-PRM visible	04 cm x 03 cm	PV730453F1	BX = 1 piece

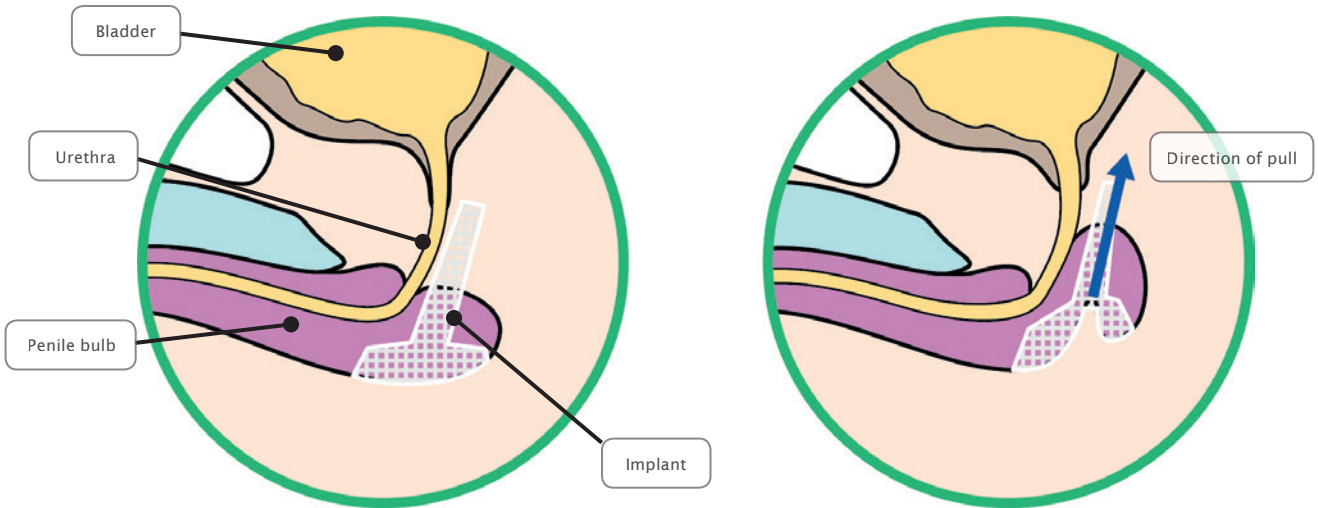


Use and Properties

Product	DynaMesh®-PRM	DynaMesh®-PRM visible
Field of application	stress urinary incontinence (SUI)	
Surgical access	perineal	
Surgical technique	Male Sling TOT - transobturator - outside-in	
Fixation	synthetic adhesives / sutures	
Specially Warp-knitted Selvedges		●
Shape stability		●
Defined elasticity		●
Visible technology	●	●
Polymer (monofilament)		PVDF
Biocompatibility		●
Ageing resistance		●
Dynamometry		●
Tear propagation resistance		●
Classification (Klinge's classification [8])		1 a

● Applies to all product sizes
● Does not apply

Application of the implant through perineal access
Transobturator position



DynaMesh®-IST03
Diameter: 5 cm

DynaMesh®-IST02
Diameter: 7 cm

DynaMesh®-IST03/-IST02:

Instrument set consisting of two instruments (right and left side) for transobturator positioning using the outside-in technique.

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Reusable Instruments
Manufactured from surgical steel (resterilisable)

For **transobturator** application

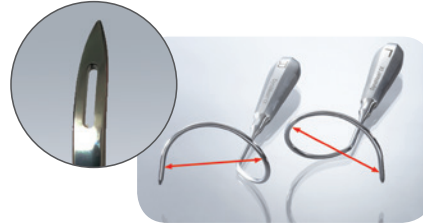
DynaMesh®-IST03

Surgical instrument

Diameter: 5 cm

IST03F1

BX = 1 set (l+r)



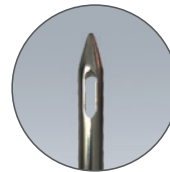
DynaMesh®-IST01

Surgical instrument

Diameter: 6 cm

IST01F1

BX = 1 set (l+r)



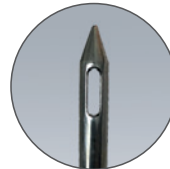
DynaMesh®-IST02

Surgical instrument

Diameter: 7 cm

IST02F1

BX = 1 set (l+r)

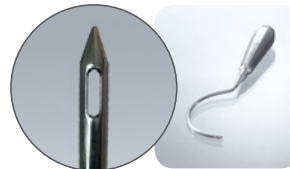


DynaMesh®-IVT01

Surgical instrument

IVT01F1

BX = 1 piece



For **retropubic** application

DynaMesh®-ISR01

Surgical instrument

ISR01F1

BX = 1 piece



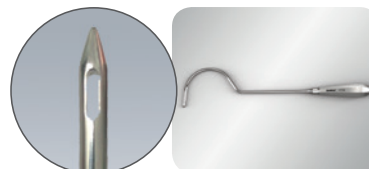
For **laparotomical** application
of DynaMesh®-CESA/-VASA

DynaMesh®-IVT02

Surgical instrument

IVT02F1

BX = 1 piece



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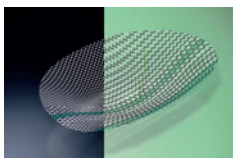
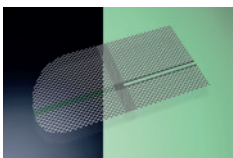
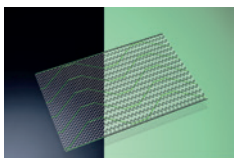
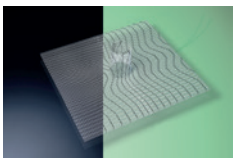
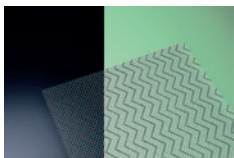


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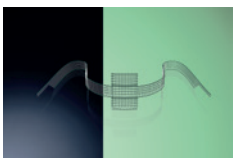
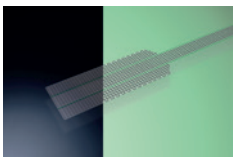
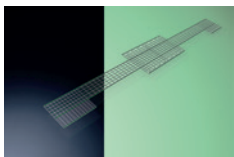
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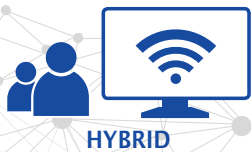
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